Annual Report 2010



Fueling Growth

Fueling Growth

Growth is not possible, unless we nurture it, develop it, and fuel it.

We have envisioned where we want to be, and the direction to take; the plans are set, the wheels are in motion.

As part of capacity building, we are developing our people into a dynamic team to take us forward to the next level and beyond.

Safety for us is a major focus area. We understand that safety is essential for sustainability and growth.

Systems and processes have been improved and restructured for the best output. There is a culture of ownership and pride in what we do.

Social responsibility is a cornerstone of our existence. We promote sustainable practices in all aspects of our business. From conservation to saving, we leave no area unattended.

We are moving forward; we are evolving; we are fueling growth.

Contents

Vision	2
Mission	2
Strategy & Objectives	2
Business Ethics and Core Values	2
Company Information	Э
Performance Highlights	Z
Key Events 2010	Z
Achievements 2010	5
Board of Directors	6
Committees	11
The Management	12
Operating Highlights	16
	10

	Ten years at a Glance	16
	Horizontal Analysis (Balance Sheet)	18
	Vertical Analysis (Balance Sheet)	20
	Horizontal Analysis (Profit & Loss)	22
	Vertical Analysis (Profit & Loss)	22
	Statement of Value Addition	24
Nc	otice of Annual General Meeting	28

D	irectors' Report Principal Activities	32 32
	Demerger	32
	Long Term Investment	32
	Business Review	32
	Health, Safety, Environment	
	& Quality	34
	Projects	36
	Employee Development	36
	Corporate Citizenship	38
	Results of the Year	40
	Awards & Accolades	43
	Business Risks & Challenges	44
	Board of Directors	44
	Business Risks & Future Outlook	46
	Acknowledgement	47
Fi	nancial Statements	49
	Statement of Compliance	50
	Review Report on Statement of	
	Compliance	52
	Auditor's Report to the Members	53
	Financial Statements	54
	Notes to the Financial Statements	60
	Consolidated Financial Statements	
	Auditor's Report	95
	Consolidated Financial Statements	96
	Notes to the Consolidated	
	Financial Statements	102
	Pattern of Shareholding	135
	Form of Proxv	139

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Vision

To excel in the fertilizer and allied business at national and international level by maintaining highest standards of product quality thereby playing our role in the development of the country's economy and adding value to the shareholders' investment.

Mission

- To offer consistent dividends to the shareholders
- To chalk out a plan to improve production techniques and quality standards
- To provide career grooming opportunities to the talented professionals
- To become a good corporate citizen
- To develop long-term relationship with the employees
- To create high performing organizational environment in which bright ideas are generated and nurtured
- To inculcate honest and ethical behaviour
- To create safe and healthy environment and friendly atmosphere for the employees
- To improve quality of life for the employees

Strategy & Objectives

Our corporate strategy is aimed at developing and maintaining long term competitive advantage. For this, we constantly strive to develop systems which are not only consistent with our current needs but are also enablers of a futuristic culture. We want to make the best use of our resources and turn every challenge into an opportunity. While building upon our core strengths, we always explore new avenues for further growth.

"Value addition" and "sustainable development" are the most significant aspects of our corporate strategic objectives. Our goal is to add value to whatever we do and whoever we deal with. This is achieved through consistent focus on the concepts of continuous improvement and customer-orientation. The impact created in this way is not only profound but self-sustaining.

Business Ethics And Core Values

- Professionalism through leadership and integrity
- Innovation, teamwork and partnership
- Long term profitability and growth
- Perpetual commitment to quality and continuous improvement

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Company Information

Board Of Directors:

Mr. Hussain Dawood Chief Executive Officer Mr. Isar Ahmad Mr. Javed Akbar Mr. M. Abdul Aleem Mr. S.M. Asghar Mr. A. Samad Dawood Mr. Shahzada Dawood Mr. Parvez Ghias Mr. Shahid Hamid Pracha Mr. Inam-ur-Rahman

Board Audit Committee:

Mr. M. Abdul Aleem	Chairman
Mr. Javed Akbar	Member
Mr. Parvez Ghias	Member
Mr. Shahid Hamid Pracha	Member

Board Compensation Committee:

Mr. Hussain Dawood Mr. Javed Akbar Mr. A. Samad Dawood Mr. Parvez Ghias

Company Secretary:

Mr. Aftab Ahmed Qaiser

Chief Financial Officer:

Mr. Gulzar Saleem

Registered Office:

35-A, Shahrah-e-Abdul Hameed Bin Baadees (Empress Road), Lahore Tel: +92 (42) 36301601-07 Fax: +92 (42) 36360343. 36364316 Email: info.dh@dawoodgroup.com Web: www.dawoodhercules.com

Plant:

Chairman

Director

Director

Director

Director

Director

Director

Director

Director

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

28-KM Lahore Sheikhupura Road. Chichoki Mallian, Sheikhupura Tel: +92 (42) 37352762-7 Fax: +92 (42) 37313380

Bankers:

Bank Al-Habib Limited Habib Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Barclays Bank PLC, Pakistan

Auditors:

M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants 53-L, Gulberg-III, Lahore Tel: +92 (42) 35851587-88 Fax: +92 (42) 35781757

Shares Registrar:

M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Limited Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore Tel: +92 (42) 35839182, 35916719 Fax: +92 (42) 35869037

Tax Consultants:

UHY Hassan Naeem & Company Chartered Accountants 193-A. Shah Jamal. Lahore-54000 Tel: +92 (42) 37599938, 37599948 Fax: +92 (42) 37599740

Legal Advisors:

Hassan & Hassan (Advocates) PAAF Building 7-D, Kashmir/Egerton Road, Lahore Tel: +92 (42) 36360800-03 Fax: +92 (42) 36360811-12

Performance Highlights

Key Figures

Results from Operating Activities Up By

Rs. 3,821 Million

2010 Rs. 3,878 Million 2009 Rs. 57 Million

Profit attributable to Owners of the Company Up By

Rs. 3,930 Million

2010 Rs. 2,149 Million 2009 Rs. (1,781) Million Gross Profit % Up By

4%2010 40%
2009 36%

Earnings Per Share Up By

KS. 32.0 2010 Rs. 17.86 2009 Rs. (14.80)

Key Events 2010

Shift over to Environment Friendly Non Chromate Treatment Program:

The chromate based cooling water and chilling water treatment has been shifted over to environment friendly phosphate based treatment. This undertaking is part of the Company's commitment towards a Healthy Environment.

Energy Conservation and Reduction in Greenhouse Gases:

Gas Turbine Generator (GTG) and Heat Recovery Steam Generator (HRSG) were commissioned with consequent significant energy savings and reduction in CO₂ emission.

Urea Production:

In spite of excessive natural gas curtailment the Company produced 456,120 MT Urea during the year 2010.

Energy Conservation Year:

The Company celebrated year 2010 as Energy Conservation year. All employees contributed to reduction in wastage of energy.

Achievements 2010

• Environment Excellence Award 2010:

This award was received from the National Forum of Environment & Health in recognition of the Company's efforts for a cleaner environment

• KSE Top 25 Companies Award:

11awards in last 15 years (latest 2009)

• Best Corporate Report Award:

Among the winners of this award for the last five years in the Chemical and Fertilizer Sector

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Board of Directors

From Left to Right

Seated - Javed Akbar M. Abdul Aleem

Standing -

S.M. Asghar

Shahzada Dawood

Shahid H. Pracha



From Left to Right

Seated -	Hussain Dawood
	(Chairman)

Isar Ahmad (Chief Executive) Inam Ur Rahman

Standing - A. Samad Dawood

Parvez Ghias



Directors' Profiles



HUSSAIN DAWOOD CHAIRMAN

Elected Chairman of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited in 2002. He is also the Chairman of Engro Corporation Limited, Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund and The Dawood Foundation. His Social Responsibilities include Chairmanship of the International Advisory Council of the Cradle to Cradle Institute in San Francisco, Karachi Education Initiative / Karachi School for Business & Leadership. He also serves as a Member of the Govt. of Pakistan Education Task Force, Director of the Pakistan Business Council, Pakistan Centre for Philanthropy, Beaconhouse National University and is a Global Charter Member of The Indus Entrepreneurs (TiE). He is the Honorary Consul of Italy in Lahore and was conferred the award "Ufficiale Ordine al Merito della Repubblica Italiana" by the Italian Government. Mr. Dawood is an MBA from the Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University, USA, and a graduate in Metallurgy from Sheffield University, UK.

ISAR AHMAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Was appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Company in July 2010. He is the Chairman of Central Insurance Company Limited, Dawood Lawrencepur Limited, Tenaga Generasi Limited and Chairman & Chief Executive of DH Fertilizers Limited. He is also a Director on the Boards of Engro Corporation Limited, Engro Polymer and Chemicals Limited and Engro Foods Limited. Mr. Ahmad has diversified experience of working in senior management positions in multinational and large Pakistani organizations, having served as Finance Director, Supply Chain Director and Head of Business Unit at Reckitt Benckiser (previously Reckitt & Colman), Managing Director, Haleeb Foods (previously CDL Foods Limited, He Financial Advisor at Indus Motor Company Limited. He holds a Masters Degree in Economics and is a Chartered Accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England & Wales.





JAVED AKBAR

He has a Masters degree in Chemical Engineering from United Kingdom and has over 35 years experience in fertilizer and chemical business with Exxon, Engro and Vopak. He has managed Exxon and Engro fertilizer plants and their expansions in Pakistan, worked in Exxon's Chemical Technology divisions in USA and Canada, and served as Human Resources Manager in Exxon Pakistan. He was part of the buyout team when Exxon divested its stake in Engro. Prior to his retirement in 2006, Javed Akbar was Chief Executive of Engro Vopak Terminal Limited, a joint venture between Engro and Royal Vopak of Holland. After his retirement, he established a consulting company specializing in analyzing and forecasting petroleum, petrochemical and energy industry trends and providing strategic insight. He also serves on the Board of Directors of DH Fertilizers Limited, Engro Fertilizers Limited, Engro Powergen Qadirpur Limited, Engro Vopak Terminal Limited, Javed Akbar Associates (Private) Limited, Pakistan Petroleum Limited and is also on the panel of environmental experts of Sindh Environmental Protection Agency.

M. ABDUL ALEEM DIRECTOR

A Fellow Chartered Accountant (FCA) (Gold Medalist) and a Fellow Cost and Management Accountant (FCMA). Mr. Aleem has worked for 20 years in the oil refining, petrochemicals and oil marketing business. Between 1990 and 2004, he worked for British American Tobacco (BAT), including the last ten years as the CEO of BAT operations in Cambodia, Mauritius and Indian Ocean. Since 2004, Mr. Aleem has worked for large GOP owned corporations. His last assignment was as the Managing Director of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited. Mr. Aleem serves on the Board, as an independent director, of three listed companies and is the Chairman of a leading Asset Management Company. He is also a Director of Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. Currently, he is the CE/Secretary General of OICCI.





S.M. ASGHAR DIRECTOR

Joined the Board in 1999. He is also on the Boards of Dawood Lawrencepur Limited, DH Fertilizers Limited and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited. Mr. Asghar is a Fellow Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and has over 40 years experience in diversified fields of finance, taxation, projects, legal and corporate affairs. He is also a member of the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan and a Certified Director from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.

A. SAMAD DAWOOD

A graduate in Economics from University College London, UK and a Certified Director of Corporate Governance from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance, he is the Chief Executive of Central Insurance Co. Limited and Dawood Corporation (Pvt.) Limited. He also serves as Director on the Board(s) of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited, Dawood Lawrencepur Limited, Engro Corporation Limited, Engro Fertilizers Limited, Inbox Business Technologies (Pvt) Limited, Pebbles (Private) Limited, Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited, Tenaga Generasi Limited and WWF Pakistan, Limited. Mr. Dawood is a member of Young President Organization, Pakistan Chapter.





SHAHZADA DAWOOD DIRECTOR

Joined the Board in 1996. He is the Director of Avanceon Limited, Dawood Corporation (Private) Limited, Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited, Dawood Lawrencepur Ltd, DH Fertilizers Limited, Engro Corporation Ltd, Engro Fertilizers Limited, Engro Foods Limited, Engro Polymer & Chemicals Limited, Engro Power Gen Limited, Engro Vopak Terminal Limited, Patek (Pvt.) Ltd., Pebbles (Pvt.) Ltd., Sach International (Pvt.) Limited, Sirius (Pvt.) Limited and Tenaga Generasi Limited. He is a member of the Board of Governors of National Management Foundation (LUMS) and also a member of Board of Trustees of Dawood Foundation. He is an M.Sc in Global Textile Marketing from Philadelphia University, USA, an LLB from Buckingham University, UK and a Certified Director of Corporate Governance from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.

PARVEZ GHIAS DIRECTOR

Is the Chief Executive Officer at Indus Motor Company Limited, a leading automobile manufacturer of Toyota and Daihatsu brands. He is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants England and Wales and holds a Bachelors Degree in Economics. He also serves as an independent director on the boards of Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited and Dawood Hercules Chemicals Ltd. Prior to joining Indus Motors, he was Vice President and CFO at Engro Chemical Pakistan Limited where he also served as a member of the Board of Directors.





SHAHID HAMID PRACHA

DIRECTOR Serves as Chief Executive of the Dawood Foundation, the philanthropic arm of the Dawood Group and as a Director on the Boards of Central Insurance Company Ltd., Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited, DH Fertilizers Limited, Dawood Lawrencepur Ltd., Inbox Business Technologies (Pvt.) Ltd. and Tenaga Generasi Ltd. He is also a Director on the Board of Engro Powergen Ltd. and Engro Powergen Qadirpur Ltd. Mr. Pracha is a graduate electrical engineer from the University of Salford, UK and prior to joining the Dawood Group, spent a major part of his career with ICI Plc's Pakistan operations in a variety of senior roles including a period of international secondment with the parent company in the UK. He is also a founding member of the Pakistan Society for Human Resource Managers and previously served as the first CEO of the Karachi Education Initiative, the sponsoring entity of the Karachi School for Business & Leadership.

INAM UR RAHMAN DIRECTOR

Is the CEO of Dawood Lawrencepur Limited – the Renewable Energy company of the Dawood Group. He holds an MBA from LUMS in addition to an Electrical Engineering degree from UET Lahore. His interest areas include Change Management and Business Strategy. Inam ran his own Management Services firm focused on growing family firms - advising clients on Business Development, HR and Entrepreneurship prior to joining the Dawood Group. He has also been part of the adjunct faculty at LUMS - teaching at the undergraduate level and also various Executive programs. Inam is also the CEO of Tenaga Generasi Limited and Sach International (Pvt.) Limited. He joined the Board in 2010 and also serves on the Boards of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited, Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company, and Pebbles (Pvt.) Ltd.





Committees

Board Audit Committee

Board Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling . Board Compensation Committee is responsible for its oversight responsibilities, primarily in reviewing and reporting financial and non-financial information . to shareholders, systems of internal control and risk ! management and the audit process. It has the power to call for information from management and to consult directly with the external auditors or their advisors as considered appropriate.

The Board Audit Committee comprises of three non-executive and one executive Director. The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer attend the meetings by invitation. The Committee also privately meets with the external auditors at least once a year. After each meeting the Chairman of the Committee reports to the Board. The Committee met five times during the year.

DIRECTORS' NAMES:

M. A. Aleem (Chairman) Javed Akbar Parvez Ghias Shahid H. Pracha

The Secretary of the Committee is Aftab Qaiser, Company Secretary.



M. A. Aleem



Javed Akbar



Hussain Dawood



A. Samad Dawood



Parvez Ghias



Shahid H. Pracha



Javed Akbar



Parvez Ghias

Board Compensation Committee

reviewing and approving the company's executive compensation, overall compensation strategy, human resources mangement policies, performance evaluation and succession plans including career planning for employees with high potential.

The Board Compensation Committee consists of three non-executive and one executive Director. The Chief Executive Officer attends the meetings by invitation.

DIRECTORS' NAMES

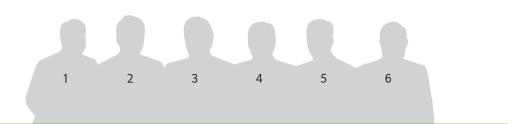
Hussain Dawood (Chairman) Abdul Samad Dawood Javed Akbar Parvez Ghias

The Secretary of the Committee is Akram Durrani, Director Human Resources.

The Management

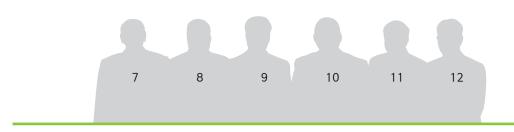


- 1 Aftab Ahmed Qaiser (Company Secretary)
- 4 Raja Khan Baig (Manager Corporate Office Admin.)
- 2 Muhammad Aslam (Senior General Manager Projects)
- 5 Nadeem Tariq (Senior General Manager Agri Business)
- 3 Gulzar Saleem (General Manager Finance)
- 6 Asad Sabzwari (Commercial Manager)





- 7 Ahmad Din (Senior General Manager Plant)
- 10 Dr. Sajid Hassan (Technical Manager)
- 3 Abdus Sattar (Engineering Manager)
- 11 Arshad Mehmood (Assistant General Manager Inventory Management)
- 9 Nasir Iqbal Toor (Training & ISO Manager)
- 12 Rana M. Saleem (Health Safety & Environment Manager)



Fueling Growth through Safe Practices

Safety is a basic requirement for sustainable business; safety for employees, for customers, and for the environment



Operating Highlights

Ten Years at a Glance

Sr#	Particulars		2010	2009 Restated	2008	2007
A)	INCOME STATEMENT					
1	Sales Value	Rs. in Million	8,716	11,040	7,429	5,011
2	Gross Profit	Rs. in Million	3,501	3,960	3,116	1,862
3	Operating Profit	Rs. in Million	3,878	57	2,952	10,551
4	EBITDA	Rs. in Million	4,086	207	4,943	11,551
5	Profit Before Taxation	Rs. in Million	2,969	(928)	3,900	10,674
6	Profit After Taxation	Rs. in Million	2,149	(1,781)	3,063	10,134
B)	DIVIDEND					
1	Cash Dividend	%	50	40	25	30
	Stock Dividend	%	300	10	10	20
	BALANCE SHEET					
	Fixed capital expenditure	Rs. in Million	2,238	2,075	1,396	1,374
	Long term investments	Rs. in Million	19,290	19,290	19,206	16,610
	Current Assets	Rs. in Million	5,696	5,987	5,027	11,237
	Current Liabilities	Rs. in Million	2,320	2,983	1,577	3,573
	Paid Up Capital	Rs. in Million	1,203	1,094	1,094	829
-	Reserves	Rs. in Million	18,341	16,761	16,289	18,061
	No. of Ordinary Shares	Million	120.32	109.38	109.38	82.87
	RATIO ANALYSIS					
	Gross Profit	%	40%	36%	42%	37%
	Net Profit to Sales	%	25%	-16%	41%	202%
	Earnings Per Share	Rs.	17.86	(14.80)	28.00	122.30
	Inventory Turnover	Time	34.83	81.92	9.01	5.70
	Age of Inventory	Days	10.48	4.46	40.61	64.04
-	Debtors Turnover	Time	1,433.6	1,171.4	1,095.4	1,383.24
	Average Collection Period	Days	0.25	0.31	0.33	0.26
	Operating Cycle	Days	10.73	4.77	40.95	64.30
	Total Assets Turnover	Time	0.32	0.40	0.29	0.17
	Fixed Assets Turnover	%	404.14	636.09	536.30	368.27
	Break-up Value of Share	Rs. %	162.43	163.23	158.91	227.95
	Dividend Yield	%	2.52 28.00	2.22 (27.02)	1.13	0.76 3.24
	Dividend Payout Ratio	%	10.99	(27.02)	8.93 17.62	53.65
	Return on Equity Debt Equity Ratio	Time	0.26	0.35	0.36	0.34
	Current Ratio	Time	2.46	2.01	3.19	3.15
	Quick Ratio	Time	1.59	1.24	2.01	2.51
	Operating Profit Margin	%	44.49	0.52	39.74	210.56
	Total Debt Ratio	Time	0.21	0.32	0.25	0.30
	Interest Cover Ratio	Time	4.26	0.06	5.33	15.12
	Dividend Cover Ratio	Time	3.57	(3.70)	11.20	30.88
	Return on capital employed	%	15.57	0.23	12.27	41.14
	EBITDA margin	%	46.88	1.87	66.53	230.52
	Market Value per Share	Rs.	198.36	179.81	220.30	393.80
	Market Capitalization	Rs. in Million	23,867	19,668	24,097	32,633
	Price Earning Ratio	Times	11.11	(12.15)	7.87	4.25
E)	PRODUCTION			(
	Designed Production (for 12 months)	Thousand M.T.	445.50	445.50	445.50	445.50
	Actual Production	Thousand M.T.	456.12	513.32	508.05	497.94
	Capacity Utilization	%	102	115	114	112
	Sales	Thousand M.T.	441.51	513.22	527.86	508.54
F)	OTHERS					
	Employees	Nos.	564	576	478	474
	Capital Expenditure	Rs. in Million	393.12	833.17	163.26	149.00
	Contribution to the National Exchequer	Rs. in Million	783	1,003	1,059	857

For the Year Ended 31st December

2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
2.000	2.001	0.000		0.010	0.051
3,882	3,291	2,699	2,983	2,810	2,851
1,312	1,260	818	1,060	1,010	745
2,052	2,777	1,176	1,721	1,132	823
2,903	3,534	1,663	1,810	1,214	906
2,266	3,201	1,464	1,686	1,131	823
2,054	2,868	1,240	1,379	793	595
		105	100	05	100
80	85	105	100	95	100
Nil	15	Nil	Nil	50	20
1,347	690	530	464	334	400
6,292	5,733	2,001	2,758	2,487	1,869
8,510	6,364	9,757	6,180	2,267	2,111
6,672		4,379		520	758
829	3,345		2,994		
	721	721	721	480	480
8,444	8,635	7,114	5,645	4,010	3,055
82.87	72.06	72.06	72.06	48.04	48.04
34%	38%	30%	36%	36%	26%
53%	87%	46%	46%	28%	21%
24.79	34.61	17.21	19.13	11.01	12.38
12.80	17.46	21.90	17.08	14.18	12.96
28.52					
1,221.98	20.91	16.71	21.38	25.74	28.16
	499.03	364.09	475.90 0.77	384.43	342.46
0.30	0.73	1.01		0.95	1.07
28.82	21.64	17.72	22.14	26.69	29.23
0.24	0.26	0.22	0.32	0.55	0.65
381.00	539.10	543.08	748.09	766.02	696.90
111.90	129.83	108.72	88.34	93.47	73.58
2.71	3.32	5.34	5.69	7.09	13.70
32.27	24.56	61.01	52.26	86.29	80.78
22.15	30.66	15.83	21.66	17.67	16.82
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
1.28	1.90	2.23	2.06	4.36	2.79
1.08	1.54	1.95	1.61	2.99	1.78
52.86	84.39	43.57	57.69	40.29	28.87
0.37	0.18	0.29	0.19	-	-
5.08	13.40	18.68	49.27	1,233.31	-
3.10	4.07	1.64	1.91	1.16	1.24
21.62	29.41	14.85	26.85	24.78	22.71
74.79	107.40	61.63	60.67	43.21	31.78
295.00	256.00	196.50	175.60	134.00	73.00
24,446	18,447	14,159	12,653	6,437	3,507
11.90	7.40	11.42	9.18	12.17	5.90
445.50	445.50	445.50	445.50	445.50	445.50
445.50	445.50 428.78	351.12	445.50	445.50 414.62	381.95
100	96	79	97	93	86
437.73	405.67	361.20	436.83	415.31	396.82
485	472	481	498	525	533
740.65	235.84	328.15	189.81	11.00	42.00
, 10.00	200.01	020110	100101	767	12.00

Horizontal Analysis

Balance Sheet

	Rs. in Million 2009						
Particulars	2005	2006	006 2007 2008		Restated	2010	
Share Capital and Reserves							
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	720.58	828.66	828.66	1,093.83	1.093.83	1.203.22	
Revenue reserves	6.728.43	8,204.37	17.841.62	20,415.40	16,756.87	18.205.35	
Fair value reserve	1,906.24	240.11	219.05	(4.126.57)	3.98	135.76	
Share holder's equity with FVR	9,355.24	9,273.14	18,889.33	17,382.66	17,854.69	19,544.32	
Non Current Liabilities	87.10	217.89	6,760.55	6,670.36	6,516.30	5,362.05	
Sub Total	9,442.34	9,491.03	25,649.88	24,053.02	24,370.98	24,906.38	
Current Liabilities							
Current portion - long term loan				-	-	660.50	
Short term financing - secured	2,334.90	5,924.51	2,281.43	70.14	1,196.60	45.72	
Trade and other payables	631.69	490.45	512.95	538.13	648.23	694.72	
Markup payable on secured loans	48.24	169.89	249.44	275.85	280.27	232.98	
Provision for taxation	330.00	86.80	529.00	693.00	858.00	686.00	
Sub Total	3,344.83	6,671.65	3,572.82	1,577.12	2,983.10	2,319.93	
Total	12,787.17	16,162.69	29,222.70	25,630.14	27,354.08	27,226.30	
			Rs. in N	Aillion			
Particulars	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
					Restated		
Assets							
Fixed capital expenditure	690.30	1,347.37	1,374.03	1,396.33	2,075.00	2,238.22	
Long term investments	5,732.60	6,292.39	16,610.26	19,205.63	19,289.96	19,289.96	
Long term loans and advances	0.64	12.80	1.11	1.26	2.42	1.68	
Sub Total	6,423.54	7,652.56	17,985.40	20,603.22	21,367.38	21,529.86	
Current Assets							
Stores, spares and loose tools	646.51	759.95	893.25	1,025.76	1,303.30	1,073.54	
Stock in trade	164.43	237.30	867.51	89.57	83.28	216.12	
Trade debts	3.85	2.50	4.74	8.82	10.03	2.13	
Loans, advances, deposit, prepayments and							
other receivables including advance income tax	402.98	298.71	491.75	735.40	912.63	714.46	
Short term investments	4,746.93	7,155.38	7,882.22	2,233.42	3,399.31	2,439.93	
Cash and bank balances	398.92	56.29	1,097.82	933.94	278.15	1,250.26	
Sub Total	6,363.62	8,510.13	11,237.30	5,026.92	5,986.70	5,696.44	
Total Assets Employed	12,787.17	16,162.69	29,222.70	25,630.14	27,354.08	27,226.30	

		Percentage Change		
06 Over 05	07 Over 06	08 Over 07	09 Over 08	10 Over 09
15%	0%	32%	0%	10%
22%	117%	14%	-18%	9%
-87%	-9%	-1984%	-100%	3311%
-1%	104%	-8%	3%	9%
150%	3003%	-1%	-2%	-18%
1%	170%	-6%	1%	2%
154%	-61%	-97%	1606%	-96%
-22%	5%	5%	20%	7%
252%	47%	11%	2%	-17%
-74%	509%	31%	24%	-20%
99%	-46%	-56%	89%	-22%
26%	81%	-12%	7%	0%
06 Over 05	07 Over 06	Percentage Change 08 Over 07	09 Over 08	10 Over 09
95%	2%	2%	49%	8%
10%	164%	16%	0%	0%
1900%	-91%	14%	92%	-31%
19%	135%	15%	4%	1%
18%	18%	15%	27%	-18%
44%	266%	-90%	-7%	160%
-35%	90%	86%	14%	-79%
-26%	65%	50%	24%	-22%
51%	10%	-72%	52%	-28%
-86%	1850%	-15%	-70%	349%
34%	32%	-55%	19%	-5%
26%	81%	-12%	7%	0%

Percentage Change

Vertical Analysis

Balance Sheet

Rs. in Million							
Particulars	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 Restated	2010	
Share Capital and Reserves							
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	720.58	828.66	828.66	1,093.83	1,093.83	1,203.22	
Revenue reserves	6,728.43	8,204.37	17,841.62	20,415.40	16,756.87	18,205.35	
Fair value reserve	1,906.24	240.11	219.05	(4,126.57)	3.98	135.76	
Share holder's Equity with FVR	9,355.24	9,273.14	18,889.33	17,382.66	17,854.69	19,544.32	
Non Current Liabilities	87.10	217.89	6,760.55	6,670.36	6,516.30	5,362.05	
Sub Total	9,442.34	9,491.03	25,649.88	24,053.02	24,370.98	24,906.38	
Current Liabilities							
Current Portion - Long Term Loan					-	660.50	
Short term financing - secured	2,334.90	5,924.51	2,281.43	70.14	1,196.60	45.72	
Trade and other payables	631.69	490.45	512.95	538.13	648.23	694.72	
Markup payable on secured loans	48.24	169.89	249.44	275.85	280.27	232.98	
Provision for taxation	330.00	86.80	529.00	693.00	858.00	686.00	
Sub Total	3,344.83	6,671.65	3,572.82	1,577.12	2,983.10	2,319.93	
Total	12,787.17	16,162.69	29,222.70	25,630.14	27,354.08	27,226.30	
			Rs. in	Million			
Particulars	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
					Restated		
Assets							
Fixed capital expenditure	690.30	1,347.37	1,374.03	1,396.33	2,075.00	2,238.22	
Long term investments	5,732.60	6,292.39	16,610.26	19,205.63	19,289.96	19,289.96	
Long term loans and advances	0.64	12.80	1.11	1.26	2.42	1.68	
Sub Total	6,423.54	7,652.56	17,985.40	20,603.22	21,367.38	21,529.86	
Current Assets							
Stores, spares and loose tools	646.51	759.95	893.25	1,025.76	1,303.30	1,073.54	
Stock in trade	164.43	237.30	867.51	89.57	83.28	216.12	
Trade debts	3.85	2.50	4.74	8.82	10.03	2.13	
Loans, advances, deposit, prepayments and							
other receivables including advance income tax	402.98	298.71	491.75	735.40	912.63	714.46	
Short term investments	4,746.93	7,155.38	7,882.22	2,233.42	3,399.31	2,439.93	
Cash and bank balances	398.92	56.29	1,097.82	933.94	278.15	1,250.26	
Sub Total	6,363.62	8,510.13	11,237.30	5,026.92	5,986.70	5,696.44	
Total Assets Employed	12,787,17	16,162.69	29,222.70	25,630,14	27,354.08	27,226.30	

		Perce	ntage		
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
6%	5%	3%	4%	4%	4%
53%	51%	61%	80%	61%	67%
15%	1%	1%	-16%	0%	0%
73%	57%	65%	68%	65%	72%
1%	1%	23%	26%	24%	20%
74%	59%	88%	94%	89%	91%
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%
18%	37%	8%	0%	4%	0%
5%	3%	2%	2%	2%	3%
0%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
3%	1%	2%	3%	3%	3%
26%	41%	12%	6%	11%	9%
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
		Perce	ntage		
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
5%	8%	5%	5%	8%	8%
45%	39%	57%	75%	71%	71%
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
50%	47%	62%	80%	78%	79%
5%	5%	3%	4%	5%	4%
1%	1%	3%	0%	0%	1%
0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
3%	2%	2%	3%	3%	3%
37%	44%	27%	9%	12%	9%
3%	0%	4%	4%	1%	5%
50%	53%	38%	20%	22%	21%
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Horizontal Analysis

Profit and Loss

	Rs. in Million							
Particulars	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 Restated	2010		
Sales - net	3,290.55	3,881.75	5,011.00	7,428.70	11,040.36	8,715.71		
Cost of goods sold	2,030.60	2,570.25	3,148.55	4,312.46	7,080.46	5,214.37		
Gross profit	1,259.95	1,311.50	1,862.45	3,116.24	3,959.90	3,501.34		
Distribution expenses	(6.13)	(6.20)	(13.07)	(72.28)	(392.03)	(267.72)		
Administrative expenses	(196.39)	(229.93)	(277.81)	(317.57)	(328.27)	(425.88)		
Impairment loss	-	-	-	(100.31)	(3,791.09)	(2.39)		
Other expenses	(56.50)	(70.51)	(74.37)	(183.93)	(159.51)	(115.87)		
Other income	1,775.77	1,047.26	9,053.94	509.59	767.76	1,189.02		
Result from operating activities	2,776.70	2,052.12	10,551.14	2,951.74	56.76	3,878.50		
Finance cost	258.06	555.47	755.84	901.45	984.75	909.60		
Share of profit from associate, net of tax	681.91	769.76	878.85	1,850.20	-	-		
Profit / (Loss) before tax	3,200.55	2,266.41	10,674.15	3,900.49	(927.99)	2,968.90		
Income tax expenses	(332.60)	(212.20)	(539.70)	(837.80)	(853.30)	(820.37)		
Profit / (Loss) after tax	2,867.95	2,054.21	10,134.45	3,062.69	(1,781.29)	2,148.53		
Earnings / (loss) per share (Rs.)	34.61	24.79	92.65	28.00	(14.80)	17.86		

Vertical Analysis

Profit and Loss

	Rs. in Million						
Particulars	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 Restated	2010	
Sales - net	3290.55	3881.75	5,011.00	7,428.70	11,040.36	8,715.7	
Cost of goods sold	2,030.60	2,570.25	3,148.55	4,312.46	7,080.46	5,214.37	
Gross profit	1,259.95	1,311.50	1,862.45	3,116.24	3,959.90	3,501.34	
Distribution expenses	(6.13)	(6.2)	(13.07)	(72.28)	(392.03)	(267.72)	
Administrative expenses	(196.39)	(229.93)	(277.81)	(317.57)	(328.27)	(425.88)	
Impairment loss	-	-	-	(100.31)	(3,791.09)	(2.39)	
Other expenses	(56.5)	(70.51)	(74.37)	(183.93)	(159.51)	(115.87)	
Other income	1,775.77	1,047.26	9,053.94	509.59	767.76	1,189.02	
Result from operating activities	2,776.70	2,052.12	10,551.14	2,951.74	56.76	3,878.50	
Finance cost	258.06	555.47	755.84	901.45	984.75	909.60	
Share of profit from associate, net of tax	681.91	769.76	878.85	1.850.20	-		
Profit / (Loss) before tax	3,200.55	2,266.41	10,674.15	3,900.49	(927.99)	2,968.90	
Income tax expenses	(332.60)	(212.20)	(539.70)	(837.80)	(853.30)	(820.37)	
Profit / (Loss) after tax	2,867.95	2,054.21	10,134.45	3,062.69	(1,781.29)	2,148.53	
Earnings / (loss) per share (Rs.)	34.61	24.79	92.65	28.00	(14.80)	17.86	

For the Year Ended 31st December

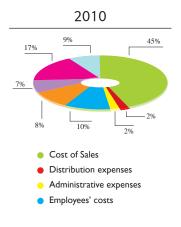
Percentage Change						
06 Over 05	07 Over 06	08 Over 07	09 Over 08	10 Over 09		
18%	29%	48%	49%	-21%		
27%	22%	37%	64%	-26%		
4%	42%	67%	27%	-12%		
1%	111%	453%	442%	-32%		
17%	21%	14%	3%	30%		
-	-	-	3679%	-100%		
25%	5%	147%	-13%	-27%		
-41%	765%	-94%	51%	55%		
-26%	414%	-72%	-98%	6733%		
115%	36%	19%	9%	-8%		
13%	14%	111%	-100%			
-29%	371%	-63%	-124%	-420%		
-36%	154%	55%	2%	-4%		
-28%	393%	-70%	-158%	-221%		
-28%	274%	-70%	-153%	-221%		

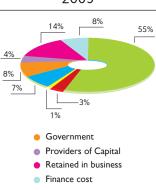
For the Year Ended 31st December

Percentage					
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
62%	66%	63%	58%	64%	60%
38%	34%	37%	42%	36%	40%
0%	0%	0%	1%	4%	3%
6%	6%	6%	4%	3%	5%
0%	0%	0%	1%	34%	0%
2%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%
54%	27%	181%	7%	7%	14%
84%	53%	211%	40%	1%	45%
8%	14%	15%	12%	9%	10%
21%	20%	18%	25%	0%	0%
97%	58%	213%	53%	-8%	34%
10%	5%	11%	11%	8%	9%
87%	53%	202%	41%	-16%	25%

Statement of Value Addition

	2010 Rs. in '000	%	2009 Restated Rs. in '000	%
Value Additon				
Gross sales	8,741,005	88.03	11,061,481	93.51
Other income	1,189,023	11.97	767,762	6.49
	9,930,028	100.00	11,829,243	100.00
Value Distribution Cost of sales (excluding employees' costs)	4,471,358	45.03	6,441,276	54.45
Distribution expenses (excluding employees' costs)	196,575	1.98	345,407	2.92
Administrative expenses (including other charges and excluding employees' costs)	152,653	1.54	135,331	1.14
Employees' costs	349,228	3.52	480,738	4.06
- Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare - Workers' profit particiaption fund	880,894 94,856	8.87 0.96	729,767 112,702	6.17 0.95
Government	975,750	9.83	842,469	7.12
- Income taxes - Sales tax - Workers' welfare fund	820,373 25,294 20,000	8.26 0.25 0.20	853,300 21,120 46,000	7.21 0.18 0.39
	865,667	8.72	920,420	7.78
To providers of Capital				
- Dividend to Shareholders - Bonus shares	590,671 109,383	5.95 1.10	492,225	4.16
- Markup/interest on borrowed money	909,596 1,609,650	9.16	984,747	8.32 12.48
Retained for reinvestment & future growth - Depreciation & retained				12.70
profit	1,658,375 9,930,028	16.70	1,667,368	14.10
	5,550,020	100.00	11,025,245	100.00





2009



Fueling Growth through Capacity Building

People development, creating accountability, fostering a sense of ownership in all employees



Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Forty-third Annual General Meeting of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited will be held at Avari Hotel, 87-Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore, at 1130 hours on Wednesday, 6th April 2011 to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To confirm the Minutes of the Forty-second Annual General Meeting held on Monday, 29th March 2010.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st December 2010 together with the Auditors' and Directors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To consider and, if thought fit, approve payment of final cash dividend at the rate of Rs. 1.00 per share (10%) for the year ended 31st December 2010 as recommended by the Board of Directors. This is in addition to the interim cash dividends of Rs. 4.00 per share (40%) already paid during the year.
- 4. To approve the issue of bonus shares in the ratio of 3 bonus shares for every 1 ordinary share held by the shareholders (300%) as recommended by the Board of Directors. To give effect to the above, the Directors have recommended to consider and, if thought fit, pass, with or without modification, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED, that a sum of Rs. 3,609,653,370/- (Rupees Three Billion Six Hundred Nine Million Six Hundred Fifty Three Thousand Three Hundred Seventy Only) be capitalized out of the un-appropriated profit of the Company and applied towards the issue of 360,965,337 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/each as fully paid bonus shares to be allotted to the shareholders in proportion of 3 shares for every 1 existing ordinary share held by the members of the Company who are registered on the books of the Company on 25th March 2011 and that, after allotment, such new shares shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company. These bonus shares will not be eligible for the final cash dividend of 10% for the year ended 31st December 2010.

For the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing, the Chief Executive Officer and the Company Secretary, be and are hereby severally authorised to take all necessary actions under the law and to settle any questions or difficulties that may arise in the distribution of the said bonus shares."

5. To appoint Auditors for the year ending 31st December 2011 and to fix their remuneration.

Karachi 17th February 2011 By Order of the Board

Aftab Ahmed Qaiser Company Secretary

NOTES:

1. Closure of Share Transfer Books:

The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from Friday, 25th March 2011 to Wednesday, 6th April 2011 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of our Shares Registrar, M/s. Corplink (Pvt.) Ltd., Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore, by the close of business (1700 hours) on Thursday, 24th March 2011 will be treated in time for the purpose of above entitlements to the transferees.

2. Participation in the Annual General Meeting:

All members of the Company are entitled to attend the Meeting and vote thereat in person or through Proxy. A Proxy, duly appointed, shall have such rights as respects speaking and voting at the meeting as are available to a member. The proxies shall produce their original CNICs or original Passports at the time of the Meeting.

3. Proxy:

A member of the Company may appoint another member as his/her Proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. A Corporation being a member may appoint any person, whether or not a member of the Company, as its Proxy. In the case of corporate entities, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the person nominated to represent and vote on behalf of the corporate entity, unless provided earlier, shall be submitted to the Company along with the Proxy Form.

In order to be effective, Proxy Forms, duly filled and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than forty eight (48) hours before the Meeting. A blank Proxy Form is attached herewith.

4. Change of Address:

Any change of address of Members should be notified immediately at the office of our Shares Registrar.

Fueling Growth through Efficiency

Streamlining of systems and processes, minimizing waste, ongoing quality improvement, superior product



Directors' Report

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2010.

Principal Activities

The Company is engaged in the production, purchase and sale of fertilizers such as Urea and DAP.

Demerger

The Board of Directors of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited approved the demerger of its fertilizers undertaking and its transfer to a wholly owned subsidiary, DH Fertilizers Limited which was incorporated on 2 August 2010. This decision was taken keeping in view the business growth strategy and rationalization of business structures. As a result of this demerger, Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited will become a Holding Company.

The announcement for demerger was made on 17 June 2010 and the Scheme of Arrangement and the Petition were filed in the Lahore High Court and the requisite approvals were obtained from the creditors and shareholders of the Company. The Lahore High Court on 27 January 2011 has given its approval for the demerger which is to become effective from 1 January 2011. After receipt of the written Court Order and its registration with the Registrar, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the assets and liabilities etc. relating to the fertilizers operations will be transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited. As a result of demerger, the name of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited will be changed to Dawood Hercules Corporation Limited which will focus on exploring investment opportunities to facilitate the Group's growth.

Long Term Investment

Over the years, Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited has made long-term equity investment in Engro Corporation Limited (previously Engro Chemical Pakistan Limited), which is substantial in monetary terms and strategic in nature. The idea was to enhance DHCL shareholder value by diversification through equity participation in a well established business with good growth prospects. It is a matter of great satisfaction that Engro Corporation Limited today is one of the premier holding companies of the country with a market cap of over Rs. 60 billion and investments in several diversified business lines which include fertilizers, PVC resin, food, power generation, liquid chemical terminal, industrial automation and commodity trade. Its fertilizer subsidiary has more than doubled its manufacturing capacity by putting up the world's largest single train urea plant, which is now ready for commercial production. Other businesses of Engro Corp. are also doing well. and this augurs well for the shareholders of DHCL.

Business Review

Global Economic Context

The global recession of 2008/09, which spread to almost all parts of the world, resulted in business and consumer confidence declining to unprecedented low levels. Since mid-2009 the global economy has been growing slowly and according to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), world output, following a 0.6% contraction in 2009, is expected to increase by 4.3% in 2011.

In response to relatively stable supply/demand conditions since the beginning of 2009, international cereal prices in 2010 have remained fairly constant. The 2010 world cereal output was expected to reach a new record at 2.28 billion metric tons (Bt), according to FAO signifying a 1.5-2.0% increase over 2009. Global fertilizer demand in 2010 was expected at 164.1 million tons nutrients which would have meant an overall 5% growth over 2009.

In the medium term, increase in agricultural production will be required to meet global demand for food, feed, fiber and bio-energy. With limited expansion in cultivated land over the next five years in South America, Sub-Saharan Africa, and South Asia, yield gains would be the key.

Fertilizer Demand and Supply - Global

Global production capacity for Urea during 2010 was 15% higher than 2009 and stood at 179 million tons. In 2011, global production capacity would be around 188 million tons while actual production is expected to be about 163 million tons - 87% capacity utilization.



Demand for Urea stood at 146 million tons in 2009 and increased to 152 million tons in 2010. In the medium term, the positive agricultural outlook is expected to stimulate fertilizer demand. In 2011, it is expected to rise by about 6 million tons to reach 158 million tons and then continue rising at the rate of 3.1% p.a. to reach 175 million tons by the end of 2014.

Renewed focus is observed among farmers in P and K fertilizers in order to maintain or improve the soil fertility. In 2010/11, demand is likely to continue to rise at the rate of about 5% and growth rates of 4.5% for P and 18% for K fertilizers are anticipated.

Capacity growth in the short to medium term is seen as expanding at a slower pace than projected earlier. Several new projects have been announced for the near term since many countries continue to promote new capacity and to foster selfsufficiency. Global urea capacity is forecast to grow by 51.3 Mt, or 30% over 2009, to reach 222 Mt in 2014. The demand for DAP at the global level is expected to increase at a CAGR of 4% from 30 million tons in 2010 to 34 million tons in 2014. Any increases in capacity are deemed to be absorbed by demand rising at 4% p.a. South Asia (essentially Bangladesh, India and Pakistan) is expected to become the world's leading importing region, with expanding import demand through 2014, particularly for DAP. It will rank as the world's second largest potash importing region, with imports exceeding 5 million tons in 2014.

Urea & DAP in Pakistan:

While demand for Urea in Pakistan declined by 6% in 2010 compared to 2009 levels, it is expected that in 2011 the demand would bounce back to reach closer to the 2009 level of about 6.5 million tons. Factors that contributed towards the depression in 2010 included the unprecedented rains and ensuing floods along with the emergence of Cotton Leaf Curl Virus (CLCV) in the peak urea application period of August. It may also be mentioned that the unusual growth in 2008 (12%) and 2009 (18%) versus a long term compound

average growth rate of 4% also had a negative bearing on 2010 urea performance in the country.

Domestic production of Urea of 5.2 million tons in 2010, which was restricted by gas curtailment for the most part of the year, was marginally above 2009 output of 5 million tons. This changed market sentiment from long to short supply, especially in Q4 2010. Capacity additions to the tune of about 2 million tons urea equivalent were made in 2010.

DAP off take in the domestic market faced a sharp decline in 2010 following high off take in 2009 compounded by the effect of crop damage. DAP consumption surge was directly related to the increase in wheat support price by the Government in 2009. DHCL market share of DAP was around 5%.

Health, Safety, Environment & Quality

Sustained performance is not possible without exercising due care in our operations for Health, Safety and the Environment (HSE). The protection of HSE is therefore one of our core values and translates into a vital concern for the health and safety of our employees and those we work with, as well as for the environment and the welfare of the communities in which we operate. As a measure of the Company's renewed commitment to HSE, the Board of DHCL has issued a revised HSE policy during 2010 which has been signed off by Board Members individually.

HSE Vision

To see health, safety and environment as a cornerstone of civilized society and, with that, to achieve a record of workplace health, safety and environment that leads the world.

At DHCL, HSE excellence means working toward an accident and injury free workplace, integrating HSE into operations, and using our HSE programs to provide competitive advantage. We are working continuously to improve in each of these areas in order to achieve our HSE Vision.

HSE Strategy

We will achieve our Vision by:

- Conducting business in a manner that protects public and occupational health, the environment and employee safety.
- Striving to eliminate all accidents and environmental incidents.
- Complying with all applicable HSE laws and regulations.
- Reducing emissions and waste and using energy and natural resources efficiently and intelligently.
- Working with our employees, suppliers, customers, contractors and partners to promote responsible management of products and processes.
- Encouraging constructive communication with our employees, suppliers, customers, neighbors and stockholders about managing health, safety and environmental issues.

DuPont Safety Project

From a safety performance perspective, we have undertaken a very important step in 2010 towards up -gradation of our safety standards. The Company signed a 3-year contract with Messrs. DuPont, who are internationally acknowledged as leaders in safety management, in order to align of our safety management system with best practice in this area.

The purpose of the DuPont Project is cultural transformation by adopting behavioral safety management and process safety management to achieve 'world class' performance. There are three phases of DuPont project; Safety Management Evaluation (SME), Behavioral Safety Management and Process Safety Management. DuPont Best Practices comprise of 22 elements and for each of these, team leaders have been appointed. The project was inaugurated on 5 May 2010 and so far 36% of project deliveries have been completed.





HSE Performance in 2010

Our performance/achievements during the year, apart from progress in the Dupont Safety Project, are summarized below:

- AEEA-2010 Award: The Company participated in the 7th Annual Environmental Excellence Award 2010 regarding environmental performance at our workplace. Our company consecutively won this prize a second time.
- IFA Benchmarking: The Company participated in International Fertilizer Industry Association (IFA) Safety Benchmarking for LTIR (Lost Time Injury Rate) for the year 2009 data. Our company has been rated at position # 5.
- TRIR (Total Recordable Incident Rate) of DHCL employees was 0.36 and that of the contractors was 0.34.
- Annual Surveillance audit 2010 of ISO-14001 (Environment) and OHSAS-18001 (Safety) standards conducted by MOODY International. There was no major or minor nonconformance.
- 48 Management employees were trained by

DuPont consultant (SMAT Workshop) on behavioral audit and to report safe / unsafe / near-miss incidents. BO (Behavioral Observations) audits are being conducted as per schedule. As a result, reporting of unsafe acts and near misses has improved appreciably.

- As a part of Green DHCL project, a total of 1950 trees of different types including fruit trees have been planted.
- Earth Hour, World Environment Day, and No Smoking Day were celebrated.
- Health and Safety Week was celebrated in which health awareness session, safety presentations, and safety videos shows were held at the plant site and head office. During the week, safety improvement points, safety slogans, and safety awareness competitions were held.

Unfortunately, one LWI incident occurred during the year and as a result the ongoing 8.2 million safe man-hours record, spanning over eight years of safe operations, was lost.

Projects

Gas Turbine and HRSG

Gas Turbine and Heat Recovery Steam Generator (HRSG) co-generation were successfully commissioned early 2010, resulting in a saving of approximately 2.8 MMSCFD Fuel Gas along with risk mitigation in the event of breakdown of Turbo Generators.

Double Walled Ammonia Tank

Fabrication and Installation of new Double-walled Ammonia Storage Tank is scheduled to be completed and commissioned in the 1st Quarter 2011, is in final stages.

Energy Conservation Projects

Following projects for energy conservation are under active consideration:

- 1. Installation of 124-C in series with 1124-C at Ammonia plant.
- 2. Replacement of Turbines (104-JT & JAT).
- 3. Installation of Rich Reflux Reboiler (E-6) at Catacarb system.
- 4. Installation of Kettle Reboiler (E-4) at outlet of LTS.
- 5. Installation of Three Bed Basket at Ammonia Converter.

Employee Development

A structured plan has been initiated to strengthen the HR systems and processes based on best practices and methodologies to attract, develop and retain quality human resources. Following is a brief description of HR related initiatives/activities undertaken during the year:

Organizational Re-structuring

A consolidated restructuring of the Agri. Business was undertaken to enhance efficiency and build capacity through hiring of qualified and experienced marketing professionals. This restructuring will be complemented with investment in technology so that the organization is positioned to embrace emerging opportunities. Apart from focusing on the core business of the company, the Agri. Business will also explore other business avenues for generating new revenue streams. Furthermore, the management structure at the plant has been rationalized by reducing hierarchical layers.

Selection and Recruitment

During the year, hiring of professionally qualified and experienced individuals was made to address capacity gaps and to add value to the working of the various departments.

Necessary groundwork was completed for a structured pre-employment online assessment testing with three tiers of tests. Each assessment comprises of four components: English Language, Analytical Skills, Intelligence Quotient and IT Skills. This assessment will be rolled out from the beginning of 2011 as an additional tool for recruitment purposes.

Induction process for the Company's training schemes has also been revamped. A credible outside Agency has been engaged for processing pre-employment testing. The objective is to make the whole process more transparent and effective.



Training and Development

The Company continues to invest in the professional development and capacity building of its employees. Various in-house and external training programs, seminars and workshops in the areas of management, plant operation and maintenance, information technology and finance were arranged. A total of three hundred and thirty five employees attended.

The ongoing DuPont safety alignment initiative requires a behavioral and cultural change to set up a 'world class' safety environment in the organization. This necessitates extensive and ongoing training of the employees. A number of training sessions were conducted by DuPont consultants for element leaders and other stakeholders.

The company has an institutionalized training centre at its plant site, which trains young graduates in various technical disciplines. The following table gives a snapshot of these schemes:

Future Outlook

The Company intends to further invigorate the HR function during the upcoming year. A job evaluation exercise through an international consultancy firm will be initiated for making the compensation structure more equitable and performance driven. We then plan to revisit and update our HR policies accordingly. This will reflect market aligned equal opportunity, meritorious and legally compatible HR policies and procedures. Together with this, the Performance Management System will be revamped to make it goal oriented and encourage participative management. This will link individual performance with business objectives and rewards with results. On the basis of these initiatives, a simple, competitive and equitable compensation and benefits structure, offering a combination of monetary and non-monetary rewards and incentives to attract, reward and retain top talent, will be implemented.

Training Program	Scheme started on	Training Duration	Qualification	Total Trainees inducted so far
Graduate Engineers Training Program (GETP)	01-08-1975	1 year	B.Sc Engineering M.Sc Analytical Chemistry	494
Operator Training Scheme (OTS)	24-9-1977	1.5 years	F.Sc, B.Sc, DAE (Chemical)	333
Diploma Apprentices Training Scheme (DAE)	24-03-1977	2 years	3 year diploma from Polytechnic Institute	217
Matriculate Training Scheme. (MAS)	02-11-1974	3 years	Matric (Science)	423

Industrial Relations

The relations between DHCL management and the CBA have been exemplary throughout the fortyyear history of the Company and industrial peace and harmony were maintained during 2010. A total of nineteen settlements have been negotiatedbetween CBA and the Management in a peaceful and amicable manner. The CBA and the workmen have always made proactive contribution towards achieving operational excellence. The 20th Settlement was finalized with the CBA recently.



Corporate Citizenship

In order to demonstrate responsibility towards the community and the employees of the company, Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is increasingly becoming one of the major yardsticks for judging a company's performance. The goal of CSR is to embrace responsibility for the company's actions and encourage a positive impact through its activities on the environment, consumers, employees, communities, stakeholders and all other members of the public sphere.

As a responsible corporate entity, we continue to establish an enabling and high energy environment where employees get opportunities for decent work and personal and professional growth. We understand our social obligations and consider ourselves as a part of local, social, cultural and economic life and are always willing to give back to the communities in which we work and live.

Internal Perspective

Adherence to the principles of good corporate governance, adoption of best practices in all our activities, compliance with the highest standards of safety, an ethical approach and an enabling work environment are the distinguishing characteristics of our organizational culture.

We have taken a major business decision to align our processes with the 'world class' safety benchmarks of the DuPont Safety Management System. Our goal is to establish and maintain highest possible safety standards to ensure the wellbeing of our people and operations.

As a company committed to protecting the environment, we conduct our business in a manner that avoids harming public and occupational health and the surrounding environment. State of the art facilities have been set up to mitigate any risk to the environment.

External Perspective

Health, education, environment and calamity relief are the focus areas of our social efforts. Following is a summary of the CSR activities undertaken by the company during 2010:

Health

Eye Camps:

Weekly free eye camps have made a significant impact in the lives of poor people in villages adjacent to our manufacturing facility in Sheikhupura. Since November 2007, a total of 49,701 patients have obtained quality treatment for various eye ailments. The Company also sponsors cataract operations, which are carried out in a reputable eye hospital in Lahore. Free transportation and food are provided to these patients. The numbers below provide details of the activity.

	2009	2010	Total since inauguration
Camps held	44	48	198
Visits recorded	12,504	11,905	49,701
Cataract surgeries	615	503	2,174

Health Camps for Women:

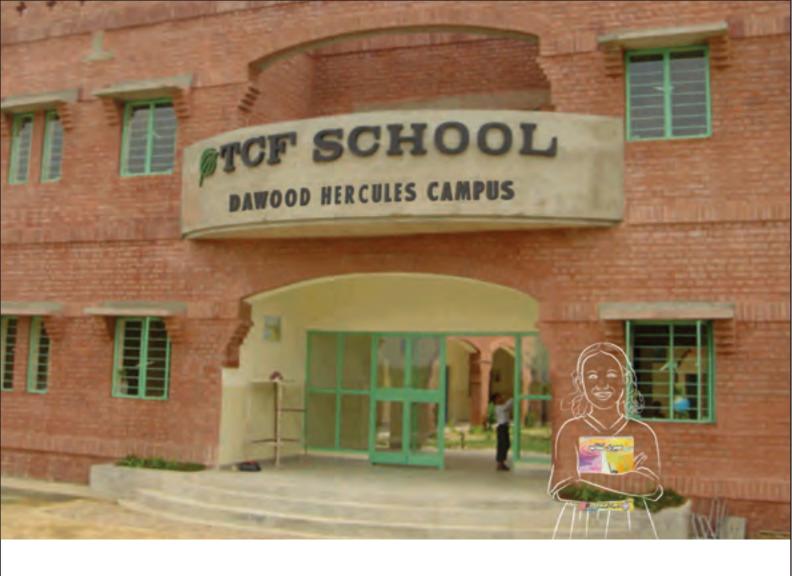
The segment of society that is most affected by poverty is women, especially those living in rural areas where medical facilities are scarce. In May 2008 the Company started free health camps for women on a weekly basis. The patients are provided free consultation, medicines and ultrasound facility. The following numbers reflect the success of this initiative.

	2009	2010	Total since inauguration
Camps held	49	47	124
Visits recorded	8,690	8237	20502

Education

TCF School-Dawood Hercules Campus:

A school set up by Dawood Hercules in collaboration with The Citizens Foundation is providing quality education to under-privileged children living in the areas near the Plant. A total of 368 students are currently enrolled in various grades up to level six. The company has also installed a water treatment plant at the campus to arrange supply of clean and healthy drinking water.



Vocational Education & Training

In collaboration with Aabro Educational Welfare Organization, Dawood Hercules sponsored two vocational training courses for young boys living in the outskirts of Lahore. Five batches of sixteen students each completed one hundred hours of training in mobile phone repairing. Another five batches of sixteen students each completed one hundred hours of training in repairing of home appliances. This vocational training has enabled a total of one hundred and eighty young boys to acquire practical skills that would enable them to make a positive impact in the lives of their families.



Environment

Tree Plantation Drive:

Thirty seven thousand trees planted on the land adjacent to the Plant have not only made the landscape beautiful but is also contributing towards reducing pollution in the area.



Flood Relief Efforts

The floods that played havoc with the lives of millions of our fellow Pakistanis during 2010 were one of the worst calamities in the country's history. The Company also played its part to help mitigate the effects of this tragedy. Relief goods were dispatched to the affected areas of Balochistan for distribution among the people there.

Results of the Year

Sales Performance

The year 2010 was marked by severe gas curtailment during the year resulting in significant production loss. On the other hand, unprecedented widespread floods during the summer badly affected the economy and the fertilizer market. As a result of the above factors, the Company sold only 441,510 M. tons of Urea during the year as compared to 513,221 M. Tons last year.

Because of the adverse situation of the DAP market during most of 2010, the Company imported only one shipment of DAP against three the year before. The sale of imported DAP, therefore, was also much lower than that of the previous year.

Market Share of Urea

The Company's market share including imported urea was slightly over 7% for the year 2010, as shown in the data produced by the National Fertilizer Development Corporation (NFDC), Islamabad.

Plant Performance

The plant has been operating smoothly and there was less than two day's closure due to equipment failure during the whole year.

The Company, however, could produce only 456,120 M. Tons of urea during 2010 as against 513,315 M. Tons in 2009. This shortfall in production is attributable entirely to the unprecedented gas curtailment imposed by the Government during the last eight months of the year. Fertilizer plants on Sui networks were subjected to 20% gas curtailment from the last week of April 2010 and it was not restored till the end of the year. The management is constantly trying to make the Plant operations more and more energy efficient to mitigate, as far as possible, the loss on account of gas curtailment.

Summary of Key Operating & Financial Data

The summary of the operating results of the Company for the year 2010 along with comparatives for the year 2009 are as under:

	Rupees in Million		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2010	2009 (Restated)
1	Sale	8,716	11,040
2	Gross Profit	3,501	3,960
3	Impairment Loss on investments	2	3,791
4	Results from operating activities	3,878	57
5	Profit/(Loss) for the year from continuing operations	2,149	(1,781)
6	Earnings/(Loss) per share (Rupees)	17.86	(14.80)

Cash and Capital Investments

The following is an abridged statement of funds generated and applied during the year as compared to year 2009:

		Rupees in Million		
Sr. No.	Particulars	2010	2009 Particulars	
1	Sources of Funds	4,264	4,221	
2	Less: Application of Funds	3,292	4,877	
3	Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	972	(656)	

The Company follows a pro-active approach of efficiently managing its cash and liquidity. Excess cash is invested and funds are borrowed on short term and long term basis as and when the situation warrants. At present, the Company sees no immediate pressure on its short term and long term financing needs. There are adequate back up arrangements with the banks to meet any contingency in liquidity.



Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share for the year 2010 were Rs. 17.86 as compared to a loss of Rs. (14.80) per share (restated due to change in accounting policy) for the year 2009. The main adverse factor in the previous year was the impairment loss on shortterm investments.

Market Capitalization

At the close of the year, the market capitalization was Rs. 23,868 million (2009: Rs 19,668 million), with a market value of Rs. 198.36 per share and break-up value of Rs. 162.77 per share. The highest value of the share during the year reached Rs. 240.02 on 2 April 2010 and the lowest price was Rs. 151.81 on 1 June 2010.

Net Worth

The net worth of the Company on a Stand Alone Basis was Rs. 19,584 Million at the close of 2010 as against Rs. 17,895 Million last year; an increase of 9%.

Appropriations

During the year, the Board declared two interim cash dividends totaling Rs. 4.00 per share (40%), at the end of second and third quarter respectively.

In addition to the above, the Board has recommended a final cash dividend of Re 1.00 per share (10 %) and a stock dividend of three shares for one share held (300 %) for approval by the shareholders in the 43rd Annual General Meeting, making a total distribution of 350 % for the year.

Contribution to the National Exchequer and Economy

Dawood Hercules is one of the leading contributors to the National Exchequer. During the year the Company paid an aggregate sum of Rs. 783 million (2009: Rs. 1,003 Million) as taxes and levies. Furthermore, the Company's contribution to the National Exchequer as a withholding tax agent under different provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 amounted to Rs. 159 Million (2009: Rs. 139 Million).

Contribution to National Economy

The Company's contribution to the national economy by way of value addition was Rs.4,722 Million (2009: Rs. 1,579 Million). The beneficiaries were: the Government; receiving Rs.783 Million (2009: Rs. 1,003 Million), the Company employees; Rs.881 Million (2009: Rs. 730 Million), the shareholders; Rs.700 Million (2009: Rs. 492 Million) and the provider of Capital Rs.910 Million (2009: Rs. 985 Million). The amount of Rs. 1,448 Million (2009: Rs. (1,631) Million) was retained in the business.

Related Party Transaction

In order to comply with the requirements of listing regulations, the Company presented all related party transactions before the Audit Committee and Board for their review and approval. These transactions were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors in their respective meetings.

Accounting Standards

The accounting policies of the Company fully reflect the requirements of the Companies Ordinance 1984 and the approved International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards as have been notified through directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Change in Accounting Policy

During the year the Company has changed its accounting policy relating to the measurement of investments in associate as required under IAS-28 "Investment in associate" and IAS-27 "Consolidated and separate financial statements". This change has been necessitated because of incorporation of a subsidiary company, DH Fertilizers Limited. The foregoing has been explained in detail in Note 2.2 of the Financial Statements.

Had there been no change in accounting policy, the profit for the year would have been higher by Rs. 1.10 billion, investment by Rs. 3.48 billion, deferred taxation by Rs. 0.348 billion and earnings per share by Rs. 9.14.



Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

The Board has adopted the Statement of Ethics and Business Practices. The statement has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company and all employees have been informed and are required to observe the Rules of Conduct in relation to business and its regulations.

Compliances with Secretarial Practices

The Company Secretary has furnished a Secretarial Compliance Certificate, in the prescribed form, as required under listing regulation 37 (xxv) of Karachi Stock Exchange, as part of the annual return filed with the Registrar of Companies to certify that the secretarial and corporate requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and listing regulations have been duly complied with.

Awards & Accolades

KSE Top 25 Companies Award

The Company was ranked amongst the Top 25 Companies for the Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE) Top Companies Award for the year 2009. The competition is held every year by the KSE to acknowledge the best performing companies and we feel pleased to inform that this award is DHCL's 11th award in the last 15 years.

Best Corporate Report Award 2009

The Annual Report 2009 of the Company was one of the 5-Best Reports in the Chemical and Fertilizer sector, as assessed by the Joint Committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan (ICMAP). The Committee selects and awards five best Annual Reports from each sector on the basis of pre-announced comprehensive criteria. The Company has won this award for the 5th consecutive year.

National Environment Excellence Award 2010

Each year, the National Forum for Environment and Health gives the Environment Excellence Award at national level to participants from different sectors. The environmental performance is analyzed by an independent sector specialist, on the basis of the criteria set by NFEH. Dawood Hercules started participating in 2009 and has won the National Environment Excellence Award for years 2009 and 2010.

Business Risks & Challenges

The company uses a structured approach in identifying, assessing and frustrating the threats to its business through its risk management system. The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for risk management. The Board oversees the process of identification of risks and execution of their mitigation plans by the management. Following are the main risks faced by the Company:

Manufacturing Risk

The Company's manufacturing risks include obsolescence, innovation, excessive gas curtailment, energy crisis, acts of terrorism, and fire to its assets.

• Marketing Risk

After commissioning of large scale new capacity in the country, the Company's market share of Urea will reduce and competition will increase in near future. Unplanned import of urea is another marketing risk.

• Financial Risk

The Company is exposed to equity risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, commodity risk and the risk of withdrawal of feed gas subsidy.

• Financial Market Risk

The Company is exposed to reduction in the value of its portfolio, either as investment portfolio or trading portfolio due to change in the market risk factor such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices.

 Human Resources Risk The Company's Human Resources Risks

includes dearth of trained personnel, attrition of manpower, frauds and incompetence.

• Environmental Risk Environmental risks include natural disasters, fires, excessive ammonia leakages, and EPA environmental legislations.

Provident Funds and Gratuity Fund

The funded retirement benefits of the employees of the Company are audited at regular intervals and are adequately covered by appropriate investments. The value of the investments of the two provident funds as per the last audited accounts aggregated to Rs. 778 million. Fair value of the assets of the funded defined benefit gratuity plan for management staff was Rs. 108 million as at 31 December 2010, according to the actuarial valuation, whereas the value of assets of defined contribution gratuity plan for non-management staff was Rs. 44 million as on 30 June 2010.

Auditors

M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, the retiring auditors of the Company, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board Audit Committee and the Board of Directors recommend their re-appointment by the shareholders at the 43rd Annual General Meeting, as auditors of the Company for the year ending 31 December 2011.

Pattern of Shareholding

The Pattern of Shareholding of the Company as at 31 December 2010, together with other necessary information, is available at the end of this report along with the proxy form.

Board of Directors

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors confirm compliance with Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework of SECP Code of Corporate Governance for the following:

- 1. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and change in equity.
- 2. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.
- 3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements except for changes resulting on initial application of standards, amendments or interpretations to existing standards and reclassification of capital spares. Accounting estimates are based on reasonable prudent judgment.
- 4. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed



in preparation of the financial statements and any departures therefrom have been adequately disclosed.

- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 6. There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 7. There is no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

Board Composition

The Board comprises of ten Directors.

Changes in the Board

During the year, Messrs. Aleem A. Dani, A.G. Gohar, Haroon Mahenti and Khawaja Amanullah resigned from the directorship of the Company on account of personal reasons. The Board would like to place on record its appreciation for the dedication, commitment and valuable contributions made by them as members of the Board.

The Board welcomes Messrs. M. Abdul Aleem, Javed Akbar, Parvez Ghias and Inam-ur-Rahman who joined the Board for the remainder of the term expiring on 28 April 2011, in place of the outgoing Directors.

The casual vacancies which occurred during the year, were filled within the statutory period in accordance with the Listing Regulations. All the Directors have signed declaration of awareness of their powers, duties and liabilities under the rules and regulations.

Change of Chief Executive Officer

After successfully managing the affairs of the Company for five years, Mr. Shahzada Dawood relinquished the charge of Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Isar Ahmad assumed the responsibilities with effect from 1 July 2010 as the new CEO of the Company.

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the contributions made by Mr. Shahzada Dawood in the areas of increased production, sales and profitability as well as the strengthening of safety culture across the organization. He will continue to serve on the Board of the Company.

The Board welcomes Mr. Isar Ahmad as the new CEO of the Company and wishes him success in this role. Mr. Isar has diversified experience of working in leadership positions in numerous local and multinational organizations.

Demise of Director Khawaja Amanullah

The Board, management and the employees of the Company are deeply grieved at the sudden demise of their Senior Director Khawaja Amanullah, who had retired and relinquished charge in early 2010. An iconic figure of top management, Khawaja Amanullah's contributions towards the development of the Dawood Group and to the agricultural sector of Pakistan are reflective of his outstanding all around capabilities. Khawaja Sahib was renowned as an exemplar of great personal integrity who mentored many and inspired all with his truthfulness, trustworthiness and remarkable human qualities. He achieved the distinctive combination of being a meritorious high achiever with a beautiful sense of humility.

We pray that Almighty Allah in His infinite mercy blesses the departed soul with Paradise; Aameen.



Board Meetings & Attendance

Seven meetings of the Board were held during the year 2010, which were all presided over by the Chairman. The Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer also attended the meetings as required by the Code of Corporate Governance.

Attendance by each Director was as follows:

Name of the Director	Meetings Attended
Mr. Hussain Dawood	7/7
Mr. Isar Ahmad	7/7
Mr. Javed Akbar	6/6
Mr. M. Abdul Aleem	5/6
Mr. Khawaja Amanullah	0/1
Mr. S.M. Asghar	6/7
Mr. A. Samad Dawood	6/7
Mr. Shahzada Dawood	5/7
Mr. Parvez Ghias	6/6
Mr. A.G. Gohar	1/1
Mr. Haroon Mahenti	1/1
Mr. Shahid Hamid Pracha	6/7
Mr. Inam-ur-Rahman	6/6

Business Risks & Future Outlook

Gas curtailment is a major issue faced by the Company along with other fertilizer plants on the Sui networks. In the backdrop of 20% gas curtailment during the last 8 months of 2010, the year 2011 has started with complete gas shut down for 45 days, the longest ever winter gas stoppage. The gas supply has been started from 9 February 2011. Apart from the fact that fertilizer is the only industry that uses gas as raw material and provides the largest value addition to the molecule, the gas curtailment has resulted in an increase in the input cost of the farmers. In order to mitigate the lower availability of locally produced Urea, the Government has to resort to the import of more expensive Urea to ensure its availability. It is earnestly hoped that the Government will consider the full restoration of gas to the fertilizer industry.

On its part, the Company is looking at all possibilities of further improving the energy efficiency of its operations. The Company also plans to review its marketing strategy and improve its distribution management by investing in systems and automation. As a result of the de-merger and after the written Court Order is received, the fertilizer operations from 1 January 2011 onwards will be transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited, a 100% owned subsidiary of DHCL. DHCL as a holding company will manage the investment portfolios and will be better geared to explore new avenues of investment to enhance shareholder value.

Acknowledgement

The Board expresses its gratitude to all the shareholders for their confidence in these challenging times.

We would like to thank all stakeholders, including but not limited to financial institutions and those who have been associated with us, for their support and co-operation and assure our commitment to look after their respective interests.

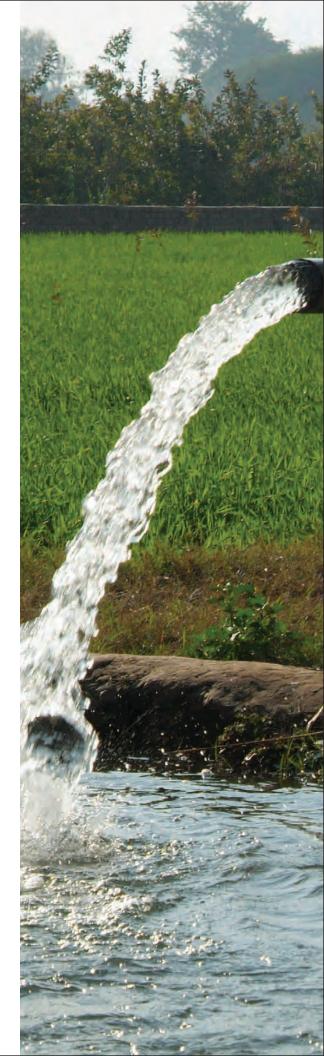
We would also like to extend our thanks to the management and employees for their sincere contributions to the ongoing success of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Hussain Dawood Chairman

February 17, 2011

Isar Ahmad Chief Executive





Annual Report 2010

Financial Statements

Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

This statement is being presented to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance contained in the listing regulations of Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges of Pakistan for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- 1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive Directors on its Board of Directors. At present the Board comprises of ten Directors, which includes three independent non-executive Directors.
- 2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director in more than ten listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a Development Financial Institution (DFI) or a Non-Banking Financial Institution (NBFI) or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. Casual vacancies occurred in the Board during the year 2010 were filled within the statutory period.
- 5. The Company has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practices', which has been signed by all the Directors and employees of the Company.
- 6. The Board of Directors has developed a Vision/Mission statement. All significant policies of the Company are revised and updated from time to time as appropriate.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. During the year seven meetings of the Board were held, which were all presided over by the Chairman and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the Board meetings were appropriately recorded, circulated within 14 days from the date of meetings and signed by the Chairman.
- 9. All material information as required under the relevant rules has been provided to the stock exchanges and to the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan within the prescribed time limit.
- **10.** The Board encourages the participation of its Directors and Executives in the orientation courses to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities.
- 11. The Board approves appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment as determined by the CEO. However, no new appointment of Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit were made during the year.
- **12.** The Directors' Report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

- **13**. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board. The half-yearly and annual financial statements were also initialed by the external auditors before presentation to the Board.
- **14.** The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- **15.** The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- **16.** The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises of four directors out of which three are independent non-executive Directors.
- **17.** The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once in every quarter prior to the approval of interim and final results of the Company, as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
- **18.** The Board has setup an effective internal audit function. During the year, the Head of Internal Audit function resigned. The new Head of Internal Audit function has been hired and will join the Company shortly.
- **19.** All related party transactions entered during the year were on arm's length basis and these have been placed before the Audit Committee and Board of Directors. These transactions are duly reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors.
- 20. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- **21.** The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 22. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

Hussain Dawood

Chairman



Karachi February 17, 2011



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

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Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with best practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited ("the Company") to comply with the Listing Regulations of Karachi, Islamabad and Lahore Stock Exchanges.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code. As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

Further, Sub-Regulation (xiii a) of the Listing Regulation No 35 (previously Regulation No 37) notified by The Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited vide circular KSE/N-269 dated 19 January 2009 requires the company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transaction carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and the transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee.

We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010.

Lahore Date 17 February 2011 Klink Tonon Hadiah. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants (Bilal Ali)



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Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited ("the Company") as at 31 December 2010 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:
- i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied except for the change referred to in note 2.2 to the financial statements with which we concur;
- ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2010 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat an Ushr Ordinance, 1980, was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Lahore Date 17 February 2011

Klink Tonon Hadish. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co Chartered Accountants (Bilal Ali)

Profit and Loss

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
Continuing operation			
Sales-net	5	8,715,711	11,040,361
Cost of sales	6	(5,214,376)	(7,080,457)
Gross profit		3,501,335	3,959,904
Distribution expenses	7	(267,724)	(392,030)
Administrative expenses	8	(425,878)	(328,272)
Impairment loss		(2,391)	(3,791,096)
Other operating expenses	9	(115,866)	(159,508)
Other operating income	10	1,189,023	767,762
Results from operating activities		3,878,499	56,760
Finance cost	11	(909,596)	(984,747)
Profit/(loss) before tax		2,968,903	(927,987)
Income tax expenses	12	(820,373)	(853,300)
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operation		2,148,530	(1,781,287)
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company		2,148,530	(1,781,287)
Earnings/(loss) per share - basic and diluted	31	17.86	(14.80)

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
Profit/(loss) for the year		2,148,530	(1,781,287)
Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value of investments		131,780	339,463
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		2,280,310	(1,441,824)

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized capital			
1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		10,000,000	10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	13	1,203,217	1,093,834
Revenue reserves		18,205,346	16,756,870
Fair value reserve		135,765	3,985
		19,544,328	17,854,689
Non-current liabilities			, ,
Long term loans	14	5,042,000	6,302,500
Deferred taxation	15	268,464	169,200
Staff retirement and other service benefits	16	51,590	44,595
		5,362,054	6,516,295
Current liabilities			
Current portion - long term loan	14	660,500	-
Short term financing - secured	17	45,725	1,196,603
Trade and other payables	18	694,717	648,229
Accrued markup		232,983	280,268
Provision for taxation		686,000	858,000
		2,319,925	2,983,100
Contingencies and commitments	19		
		27,226,307	27,354,084

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	20	1,871,708	1,340,588
Capital work in progress	21	366,514	734,409
		2,238,222	2,074,997
Long term investments	22	19,289,962	19,289,962
Long term loans and advances	23	1,680	2,423
Current assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools	24	1,073,544	1,303,300
Stock in trade	25	216,117	83,285
Trade debts		2,131	10,028
Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and			
other receivables	26	89,309	92,722
Advance income tax		625,148	819,908
Short term investments	27	2,439,931	3,399,314
Cash and bank balances	28	1,250,263	278,145
		5,696,443	5,986,702
		27,226,307	27,354,084

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
Cash generated from operations	29	3,142,781	3,107,852
Finance cost paid Taxes paid Staff retirement and other service benefits paid Decrease / (Increase) in long term loans and advances Net cash generated from operating activities		(956,881) (698,348) (24,906) 743 1,463,389	(980,327) (849,759) (16,205) (1,164) 1,260,397
Cash flow from investing activities Fixed capital expenditure Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of available for sale investments Profit on time deposits Investment at fair value through profit or loss Investment in associated / subsidiary company Dividends received Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities		(393,117) 34,776 1,835,913 63,218 (560,000) - 867,135 1,847,925	(833,174) 7,897 1,145,649 63,670 (1,929,785) (1,623,148) 616,796 (2,552,095)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Short term financing Long term loans Dividends paid Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(1,150,878) (600,000) (588,318) (2,339,196)	1,126,464 - (490,559) 635,905
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		972,118	(655,793)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		278,145	933,938
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	28	1,250,263	278,145

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Share	R	levenue reserv	es	Fair value		
	capital	General reserve	Unappropriate profit	ed Total	reserve	Total	
				0			
Balance as at 31 December 2008 as previously reported	1,093,834	700,000	19,715,396	20,415,396	(4,126,574)	17,382,656	
Effect of restatement of Investment in associate (note - 2.2)	-	-	(1,385,014)	(1,385,014)	-	(1,385,014)	
Balance as at 31 December 2008 - restated	1,093,834	700,000	18,330,382	19,030,382	(4,126,574)	15,997,642	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(1,781,287)	(1,781,287)	339,463	(1,441,824)	
Impairment on available for sale investment transferred to profit and loss account as permitted under SRO 150(1)/2009	-	-	-	-	3,791,096	3,791,096	
Final cash dividend @15% for the year ended 31 December 2008	_	_	(164,075)	(164,075)	-	(164,075)	
1st interim cash dividend @ 15% for the year ended 31 December 2009	-	_	(164,075)	(164,075)	-	(164,075)	
2nd interim cash dividend @ 15% for the year ended 31 December 2009	-	_	(164,075)	(164,075)	_	(164,075)	
Balance as at 31 December 2009 - restated	1,093,834	700,000	16,056,870	16,756,870	3,985	17,854,689	
Balance as on 31 December 2009 as previously reported	1,093,834	700,000	18,084,894	18,784,894	3,985	19,882,713	
Effect of restatement of Investment in associate (note-2.2)	-	-	(2,028,024)	(2,028,024)	-	(2,028,024)	
Balance as at 01 January 2010 - restated	1,093,834	700,000	16,056,870	16,756,870	3,985	17,854,689	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	2,148,530	2,148,530	131,780	2,280,310	
Final cash dividend @ 10% for the year ended 31 December 2009	_	_	(109,383)	(109,383)	_	(109,383)	
Final stock dividend @ 10% for the year ended 31 December 2009	109,383	-	(109,383)	(109,383)	-	-	
lst interim cash dividend @ 20% for the year ended 31 December 2010	-	-	(240,644)	(240,644)	-	(240,644)	
2nd interim cash dividend @ 20% for the year ended 31 December 2010	- 109,383	-	(240,644) (700,054)	(240,644) (700,054)	-	(240,644) (590,671)	
Balance as at 31 December 2010	1,203,217	700,000	17,505,346	18,205,346	135,765	19,544,328	

Hussain Dawood

Chairman



For the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Legal status and nature of business

Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company. It was incorporated in Pakistan in 1968 under the Companies, Act 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984) and is listed on Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges. The principal activity of the Company is production, purchase and sale of fertilizer. The registered office of the Company is situated at 35-A, Shahrah-e-Abdul Hameed Bin Baadees, Lahore.

The Board of Directors in their meeting of 16th June 2010 decided to divide the Company into two companies by separating its fertilizer undertaking from the rest of the undertaking that is to be retained in the Company. In this regard, a wholly owned subsidiary namely DH Fertilizers Limited was incorporated on 2nd August 2010. The division was to be effected through a Scheme of Arrangement under Section 284 to 288 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 whereby:

- (a) the fertilizer undertaking would be transferred and vested in DH Fertilizers Limited against the issuance of ordinary shares of DH Fertilizers Limited to the Company;
- (b) the retention of the retained undertaking in the Company and the change of the name of the Company to Dawood Hercules Corporation Limited. Dawood Hercules Corporation Limited would then become a Holding Company and oversee the business of new fertilizer subsidiary.

The de-merger required the approval of the Honorable Lahore High Court. After obtaining the requisite approvals from the creditors and the shareholders of the Company, the Lahore High Court approved the Scheme of Arrangement (Scheme) on 27th January 2011, which came into effect on 1st January 2011 (Effective Date). Meanwhile, written order from the court is awaited.

In accordance with the Scheme, the fertilizer business including all assets, liabilities, agreements, arrangements and other matters relating to the fertilizer undertaking were automatically transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited on the Effective Date against the issuance of 99,999,994 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, in addition to existing 6, fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each plus the share premium. Such share premium is to be based on the difference between the net assets value of the fertilizer undertaking less the related fair value reserves/ surplus of the fertilizer undertaking on the effective date over Rs. 1,000,000,000/- being the paid-up face value of DH Fertilizers Limited.

The retained undertaking comprises of specific assets and liabilities as of the aforementioned effective dates as identified in the Scheme, which among other items include long term investments, short term investments in mutual funds and all reserves excluding fair value reserves on certain investments transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

2.2 Change in accounting policy

During the year the Company has changed its accounting policy relating to the measurement of investments in associates as required under IAS-28 "Investment in associate" and IAS -27 "Consolidated and separate financial statements". This change has been necessitated because of incorporation of a subsidiary by the Company, DH Fertilizers Limited. IAS-28 requires the investment in associates be measured at cost in the separate financial statements of the holding Company and accordingly the investment in associates is now measured at cost whereas previously, this was measured under equity method of accounting.

The change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively and comparative information has been restated in accordance with the treatment prescribed by IAS-8 "Accounting policy, change in accounting estimate and errors". The accounting policy has been changed for accounting of investments in associates from equity method to cost method as required under IAS-28, in separate financial statements.

Had there been no change in accounting policy, effects on the financial statements on the current and prior period would be as under.

	2010 Rs '000 (Increase)/	2009 Rs '000 /decrease
Profit/loss after tax	(1,099,453)	643,010
Investments	(3,481,734)	(2,253,324)
Deferred tax	(348,136)	(225,300)
Earnings per share	(9.14)	5.3

2.3 New Accounting Standards and IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards are effective from the dates specified below and are either not relevant to Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain increased disclosures:

- Amendment to IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation Classification of Rights Issues (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 February, 2010). The IASB amended IAS 32 to allow rights, options or warrants to acquire a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments for a fixed amount of any currency to be classified as equity instruments provided the entity offers the rights, options or warrants pro rata to all of its existing owners of the same class of its own non-derivative equity instruments. This interpretation has no impact on the Company's financial statements.
- IFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 July, 2010). This interpretation provides guidance on the accounting for debt for equity swaps. This interpretation has no impact on Company's financial statements.
- IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures (revised 2009) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January, 2011. The revision amends the definition of a related party and modifies certain related party disclosure requirements for government-related entities. The amendment would result in certain changes in disclosures.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

- Amendments to IFRIC 14 IAS 19 The Limit on a Defined Benefit Assets, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January, 2011). These amendments remove unintended consequences arising from the treatment of prepayments where there is a minimum funding requirement. These amendments result in prepayments of contributions in certain circumstances being recognized as an asset rather than an expense. This amendment is not likely to have any impact on Company's financial statements.
- Improvements to IFRSs 2010 In May 2010, the IASB issued improvements to IFRSs 2010, which comprise of 11 amendments to 7 standards. Effective dates, early application and transitional requirements are addressed on a standard by standard basis. The majority of amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January, 2011. The amendments include list of events or transactions that require disclosure in the interim financial statements and fair value of award credits under the customer loyalty programmes to take into account the amount of discounts or incentives that otherwise would be offered to customers that have not earned the award credits. Certain of these amendments will result in increased disclosures in the financial statements.
- Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred tax on Investment Property (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2012). The 2010 amendment provides an exception to the measurement principle in respect of investment property measured using the fair value model in accordance with IAS 40 Investment Property. The amendment has no impact on financial statements of the Company.
- Amendments to IFRS 7 Disclosures Transfers of Financial Assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 July, 2011). The amendments introduce new disclosure requirements about transfers of financial assets including disclosures for financial assets that are not derecognized in their entirety; and financial assets that are derecognized in their entirety but for which the entity retains continuing involvement. These amendments will result in increased disclosures in the financial statements.

3 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost convention, except for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and recognition of certain employee retirement benefits at present value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Company's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are:

For the year ended 31 December 2010

-	retirement and other benefits	4.2
-	residual value and useful life of depreciable assets	4.3
-	provision for taxation	4.6
-	provisions and contingencies	4.13

4 Significant accounting policies

4.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold, net of discounts and sales tax. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue, and the associated cost incurred, or to be incurred, can be measured reliably.

Note

"Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer.

Return on deposits is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable rate of return.

Dividend income is recognized as income when the right of receipt is established.

4.2 Retirement and other benefits

Defined benefit plan- Gratuity

The Company operates an approved funded defined benefit gratuity plan for management staff having a service period of more than five years . Provisions are made in the financial statements to cover obligations on the basis of actuarial valuations carried out annually. The most recent valuation was carried out on 31 December 2010 using the "Projected Unit Credit Method".

The amount recognized in balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as on 31 December 2010 as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses.

Cumulative net unrecognized actuarial gains and losses at the end of the previous year which exceed 10% of the greater of the present value of the Company obligations and the fair value of plan assets are amortized over the expected average working lives of the participating employees.

Accumulated compensated absences

Provisions are made annually to cover the obligation for accumulating compensated absences based on actuarial valuation and are charged to profit and loss. The most recent valuation was carried out on 31 December 2010 using the "Projected Unit Credit Method".

The amount recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations. Actuarial gains and losses are charged to income immediately in the period when these occur.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Other benefits Defined contribution plan

The Company maintains a defined contributory Gratuity Fund for its non-management staff. Monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Company as per agreement with the Union.

Provident fund

The Company also operates approved contributory provident funds for all employees. Equal contribution is made both by employees and the Company. The funds are administrated by the Trustees.

4.3 Fixed capital expenditure

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Freehold land is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

The Company provides depreciation under the "straight line method" so as to write off the historical cost of the asset over its estimated useful life at the following rates:

	Percentage %
Buildings on freehold land	5
Railway siding	5
Plant and machinery	7.5
Furniture	10
Fittings and equipment	12.5
Motor vehicles	20
Data processing equipment	33.33
Catalysts	10 to 50

Depreciation is provided at the above rates subject to 1% retention of the original cost except for Catalysts, which are fully depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Assets residual values' and useful lives' are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Depreciation is charged on prorata basis on additions from the following month in which the asset is put to use and on disposals up to the month of disposal.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in income currently. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

The initial catalysts cost in Ammonia plant was capitalized with plant and machinery whereas costs of subsequent replacement of such catalysts are separately included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over their estimated useful life.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during the construction and installation. Cost also includes applicable borrowing costs. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

4.4 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw material	at moving average cost
Materials in process	at average cost
Finished goods	at average cost
Stores, spares and loose tools	at moving average cost. Items which are identified as slow moving and are surplus to the Company's requirements are written down to their estimated net realizable value.
Stores and spares in transit	at cost, comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

Cost of work in process and finished goods comprises of cost of direct materials, labour and appropriate manufacturing overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

4.5 Foreign currencies

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined. Exchange gains and losses are included in the income currently.

4.6 Taxation

Income tax expense comprise current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except in the case of items credited or charged to equity in which case it is included in equity.

4.7 Investments

Investment in associate

Associates are those entities in which the Company has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Company.

During the year, the Company has changed its accounting policy with respect to the measurement of investment in associates as more fully explained in paragraph 2.2 above. Investment in associates where significant influence can be established are initially recognized at cost. At subsequent reporting dates, the recoverable amounts are estimated to determine the extent of impairment losses, if any, and carrying amounts of investments are adjusted accordingly. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense. Where impairment losses subsequently reverse, the carrying amounts of the investments are increased to the revised recoverable amounts but limited to the extent of initial cost of investments. A reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Available for sale investments

Investments which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity are classified as available for sale. Available for sale investments are recognized initially at cost being the fair value of the consideration given plus any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these are stated at fair values unless fair values can not be measured reliably, with any resulting gains and losses being taken directly to equity until the investment is disposed or impaired. At each reporting date, these investments are remeasured at fair value, unless fair value cannot be reliably measured. At the time of disposal, the respective surplus or deficit is transferred to income currently. Fair value of quoted investments is their bid price on Karachi Stock Exchange at the balance sheet date. Unquoted investments, where active market does not exist, are carried at cost as it is not possible to apply any other valuation methodology.

Investments intended to be held for less than twelve months from the balance sheet date or to be sold to raise operating capital, are included in current assets, all other investments are classified as non-current. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of the purchase and re-evaluates such designation on a regular basis.

All purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date which is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the investment.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profits from short term fluctuations in price or dealer margin are classified as "Investments at fair value through profit or loss" are initially recognized on trade date at cost being the fair value of the consideration given and derecognized by the Company on the date it commits to sell them off. Transaction costs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. At each balance sheet date, fair value is determined on the basis of year-end bid prices obtained from stock exchange quotations. Any resultant increase/(decrease) in fair value is recognized in the profit and loss account for the year.

4.8 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item. The Company derecognizes the financial asset and financial liability when it ceases to be a party to such contractual provisions of the instrument.

4.9 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.10 Trade debts

Trade debts are recognized initially at original invoice amount which is the fair value of consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at amortized cost less an estimate made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

A provision for impairment of trade debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Bad debts are written off when identified.

4.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and cash with banks in current and saving accounts.

4.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services and subsequently at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

4.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

4.14 Borrowing costs

Mark-up, interest and other charges on borrowings are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of the related property, plant and equipment acquired out of the proceeds of such borrowings. All other mark-up, interest and other charges are charged to income in the period in which they are incurred.

4.15 Impairment

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date, whether there is any indication that asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, the carrying amount of such assets is reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed their respective recoverable amounts, assets are written down to their recoverable amount and resulting impairment loss is recognized in income currently. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

4.16 Related party transactions

The Company enters into transactions with related parties on an arm's length basis. Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using admissible valuation methods, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.

4.17 Dividend

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
5	Sales - net			
	Own manufactured Less: Sales tax		7,357,562 25,294	7,369,483 21,120
	Purchased product		7,332,268 1,383,443 8,715,711	7,348,363 3,691,998 11,040,361
6	Cost of sales			
	Raw and packing materials consumed Fuel and power	6.1	1,581,249 939,352	1,721,209 1,043,771
	Catalysts and chemicals Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance	6.2	109,294 560,483 470,136 167,286	50,456 507,908 341,251 101,020
	Travel and conveyance Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Depreciation Communication, stationery and office supplies Health and safety consultancy charges Other expenses	20	63,594 1,873 25,215 182,535 2,836 25,664 4,486	56,768 2,216 22,610 131,273 3,537 2,021 8,517
			4,134,003	3,992,557
	Add: Opening stock of work-in-process Less: Closing stock of work-in-process	25	10,367 7,657 2,710	8,033 10,367 (2,334)
	Cost of goods manufactured		4,136,713	3,990,223
	Add: Opening stock of finished goods Less: Closing stock of finished goods	25	58,218 198,382 (140,164)	50,093 58,218 (8,125)
	Cost of sales - Own manufactured - Purchased product		3,996,549 1,217,827 5,214,376	3,982,098 3,098,359 7,080,457
6.1	Raw and packing materials consumed			
	Opening stock Add: Purchases		14,700 1,576,627 1,591,327	31,442 1,704,467 1,735,909
	Less: Closing stock	25	1,591,327 10,078 1,581,249	1,721,209

6.2 Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare include Rs. 12.231 million (2009: Rs. 9.650 million) in respect of contribution to gratuity funds and Rs. 19.165 million (2009: Rs. 17.367 million) in respect of provident funds.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
7	Distribution expenses			
	Product transportation and handling cost Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare Communication, stationery and office supplies Rent, rates and taxes Travel and conveyance Insurance Depreciation Repairs and maintenance Sales promotion, advertising and market development Other expenses	7.1 20	132,320 67,114 2,257 4,617 1,795 406 4,035 1,605 53,542 33	328,664 43,844 1,796 3,441 2,837 467 2,779 1,282 6,887 33
			267,724	392,030

7.1 Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare include Rs. 0.437 million (2009: Nil) in respect of gratuity funds and Rs. 0.412 million (2009: Rs. 0.710 million) in respect of provident funds.

8 Administrative expenses	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare Communication, stationery and office supplies Rent, rates and taxes Travel and conveyance Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Legal and professional charges Insurance Donations Other expenses	8.1 20 8.2	253,297 45,459 30,190 22,996 23,920 20,938 14,086 1,708 1,574 11,710 425,878	178,015 37,794 24,870 22,491 24,913 15,732 11,529 1,567 868 10,493 328,272

8.1 Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare include Rs. 6.258 million (2009: Rs. 4.318 million) in respect of contribution to staff gratuity funds and Rs. 9.315 million (2009: Rs. 7.649 million) in respect of provident funds.

8.2 None of the Directors of the Company or any of their spouses have any interest in or are otherwise associated with any of the recipients of donations made by the Company during the year.

9	Other operating expenses	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Workers' profits participation fund Workers' welfare fund Auditors' remuneration:	18.3 9.1	94,856 20,000	112,702 46,000
	- Audit fee		750	600
	- Half year review and other certifications		175	150
	- Out of pocket expenses		85	56
			115,866	159,508

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The provision for workers' profits participation fund is based on profits caused by business and trade, and excludes other income in accordance with the law, as advised by the legal advisors of the Company.

	Company.		2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
9.1	Expense for the period Reversal of prior year excess provision		60,000 (40,000)	46,000
			20,000	46,000
10	Other operating income	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
	Income from financial assets:			
	Realized gain on disposal of short term investments available for sale Realized gain on disposal of investments		179,413	4,194
	at fair value through profit or loss Unrealized gain due to fair value adjustment of		4,049	23,273
	investment at fair value through profit or loss Profit on bank deposits and others		3,681 63,218	14,822 63,670
			250,361	105,959
	Income from related parties:			
	Dividend income from: Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited		139,964	_
	Engro Corporation Limited		727,170	616,796
			867,134	616,796
	Income from non-financial assets:			
	Sale of scrap		12,376	8,976
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment Liabilities no longer payable written back		12,392 7,657	3,170 1,472
	Insurance claim - related party		16,347	-
	Other income		22,756	31,389
			71,528	45,007 767,762
			.,	, , , , , =
11	Finance cost			
	Mark-up:			
	Short term borrowings		68,803	100,314
	Long term loans Interest on workers' profits participation fund	18.3	840,340 453	884,172 261
			909,596	984,747
12	Income tax expenses			
	Current			
	- for the year		686,000 35,109	858,000
	- prior year Deferred		99,264	(4,700)
			820,373	853,300

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2010

		2010 %	2009 %
12.1	Reconciliation of tax charge for the year		
	Applicable tax rate Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible	35.00	35.00
	for tax purposes	2.14	-
	Tax effect of amounts exempt from tax	(2.21)	-
	Tax effect of amount taxed at lower rate	(7.30)	-
		27.63	-

In view of accounting loss in 2009, tax reconciliation has not been presented for the previous year.

13 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

2010 Number of shares	2009 Number of shares		2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
13,900,000	13,900,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	139,000	139,000
106,421,779	95,483,436	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as bonus shares	1,064,217	954,834
120,321,779	109,383,436		1,203,217	1,093,834

Reconciliation of Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 13.1

		2010 Number of shares	2009 Number of shares
	Outstanding as at 01 January Bonus shares issued during the year	109,383,436 10,938,343	109,383,436
	Closing as at 31 December	120,321,779	109,383,436
13.2	Shares held by related parties		
	Dawood Lawrencepur Limited Percentage of equity held 16.19% (2009: 16.19%)	19,482,974	17,711,795
	Dawood Corporation (Private) Limited Percentage of equity held 0.02% (2009: 0.02%)	25,461	23,147
	The Dawood Foundation Percentage of equity held 3.95% (2009: 3.95%)	4,752,997	4,320,907
	Central Insurance Company Limited Percentage of equity held 2.97% (2009: 2.97%)	3,574,940	3,249,946
	Patek (Private) Limited Percentage of equity held 0.032% (2009: 0.032%)	38,821	35,292
	Sach International (Private) Limited Percentage of equity held 0.001% (2009: 0.001%)	1,749	1,590

For the year ended 31 December 2010

14	Long term loans - participatory redeemable ca	apital - secured	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Opening balance Redemption during the year under call option Closing balance	14.1	6,302,500 (600,000) 5,702,500	6,302,500 - 6,302,500
	Transfer to current portion Closing balance		(660,500) 5,042,000	6,302,500

14.1 Participatory

	2010 20		09	
	Number of Sukuk Certificates '000	Face value of consolidated Sukuk Certificates Rs '000	Number of Sukuk Certificates '000	Face value of consolidated Sukuk Certificates Rs '000
Banks/Financial Institutions				
Habib Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited United Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund Total	54 18 11 13 - 114	2,714,286 904,762 904,762 542,857 633,333 2,500 5,702,500	60 20 20 12 14 126	3,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 600,000 700,000 2,500 6,302,500

Participatory redeemable capital represents Islamic Sukuk Certificates issued to banks/financial institutions under musharaka arrangements. The facility is secured by a first charge created by way of hypothecation over the specific fixed assets of the Company up to the extent of Rs. 7.72 billion, comprising various machinery of urea and ammonia plant. The facility carries mark-up at average six months ask side KIBOR plus 120 bps payable half yearly subject to a minimum of 3.5% per annum and a maximum of 25% per annum.

Trustee

In order to protect the interest of the Certificate Holders, an investment agent (Meezan Bank Limited) has been appointed as trustee under a trust deed dated 12 September 2007 at a fee of Rs. 500,000 each year till the expiry of the agreement. In case the Company defaults on any of its obligations, the trustee may enforce the Company's obligations in accordance with the terms of the trust deed.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Term of payment

The principal amount is repayable according to the following schedule:

Payment

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
First tranche due on 18 September 2011	661,000	1,103,000
Second tranche due on 18 March 2012	2,521,000	2,600,000
Third tranche due on 18 September 2012	2,521,000	2,600,000
	5,703,000	6,303,000

In case of default in payment, the Company will be liable to pay markup at the rate of six months KIBOR plus 200 bps per annum of the unpaid amount.

Face value of each Sukuk certificate is Rs. 50,000 which consist of 13 Sukuk units.

Call option

Under the Musharaka arrangement the Company carries a right to exercise "Call Option" to purchase all or any of the Sukuk units from certificate holders at their applicable Buy Out Prices (Pre Purchase) at any time after the expiry of one year from the issue date. The "Call Option" can be exercised by the Company after giving a prior written notice of at least thirty days of its intention to purchase all or any of the remaining Sukuk Units having aggregate face value of multiple of Rs. 100 million.

Deferred taxation 15

15	Deferred taxation	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
	Deferred liability arising due to accelerated depreciation allowance		286,520	184,700
	Deferred (asset) arising in respect of provision for compensated absences		(18,056) 268,464	(15,500)
16	Staff retirement and other service benefits			
	Defined benefit plan funded for management staff Compensated absences	16.1 16.3	- 51,590 51,590	198 44,397 44,595

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
16.1	Defined benefit plan funded - for management staff			
	Amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Unrecognized actuarial losses	16.1.1 16.1.2	143,455 (107,904) (35,551)	148,767 (106,171) (42,398)
	Liability as at 31 December		-	198
	Net liability as at 01 January Charge to profit and loss account Contribution made by the Company Liability as at 31 December	16.1.3	198 16,502 (16,700) -	587 11,637 (12,026) 198
16.1.1	Movement in liability for defined benefit obligation			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 01 January Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid during the year		148,767 16,323 17,852 (40,280)	112,044 12,808 16,807 (9,469)
	Actuarial loss on present value of defined benefit obligation		793	16,577
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 31 December		143,455	148,767
16.1.2	2 Movement in fair value of plan assets			
	Fair value of plan assets as at 01 January Expected return on plan assets Funds receivable from Workers Gratuity Fund Contributions made during the year Benefits paid during the year Actuarial / (loss) gain on plan assets Fair value of plan assets as at 31 December		106,171 12,740 7,990 16,700 (40,280) 4,583 107,904	92,608 13,891 4,936 12,026 (9,469) (7,821) 106,171
	Plan assets consist of the following:			
	Funds placed under mark up arrangements with banks Investment company Open ended mutual funds		88,334 11,580 -	81,235 10,000 10,000
	Funds receivable from Workers Gratuity Fund		7,990 107,904	4,936

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
16.1.3 Charge to profit and loss account			
Current service cost		16,323	12,808
Interest cost		17,852	16,807
Expected return on plan assets		(12,741)	(13,891)
Contributions receivable from workers gratuity fund		(7,990)	(4,936)
Actuarial loss recognized during the year		3,058	849
		16,502	11,637

16.1.4 Actual return on plan assets of funded gratuity scheme was Rs. 17.323 million (2009: Rs. 6.070 million).

16.1.5 Historical information

	2010	2009	2008 Dees in thous	2007	2006
Present value of defined benefit obligation	143,455	148,767	112,044	101,938	86,625
Fair value of plan assets	(107,904)	(106,171)	(92,608)	(72,006)	(76,476)
Deficit in the plan	35,551	42,596	19,436	29,932	10,149
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities	793	16,577	2,113	11,129	3,139
Experience adjustment arising on plan assets	4,583	(7,821)	10,857	(8,848)	(2,147)

16.1.6 The Company expects to pay Rs. 20.907 million as contribution to defined benefit plan in 2011.

16.1.7 Assumptions used for valuation of the defined benefit schemes for management staff are as under:

	2010 % per annum	2009 % per annum
Discount rate	13	12
Expected rate of return on plan assets	12	15
Expected rate of increase in salary	12	11

Average expected remaining working life time of management employees is 9 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
16.2	Defined Contributory gratuity funded for non-management staff			
	Balance as at 01 January Expenses recognized during the year Payments made during the year Balance as at 31 December		2,428 (2,428) -	485 2,332 (2,817) -
16.3	Compensated absences			
	Balance as at 01 January Expenses recognized during the year Payments made during the year Balance as at 31 December	16.3.3	44,397 12,972 (5,779) 51,590	39,091 6,669 (1,363) 44,397
16.3.1	Movement in liability for defined benefit obligation			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 01 January Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid during the year Actuarial loss on present value of defined		44,397 4,921 5,328 (5,779)	39,091 2,138 5,864 (1,363)
	benefit obligation Present value of defined benefit obligation		2,723	(1,333)
	as at 31 December		51,590	44,397
16.3.2	Balance Sheet liability as on 31 December			
	Present value of defined benefit obligations as on 31 December		51,590	44,397
16.3.3	Charge to profit and loss account			
	Current service cost Interest cost Actuarial loss / (gains) charge		4,921 5,328 2,723 12,972	2,138 5,864 (1,333) 6,669
16.3.4	Assumptions used for valuation are as under:		2010 % per annum	2009 % per annum
	Discount rate Expected rate of eligible salary increase in future years		13 12	12 11

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
17	Short term financing - secured			
	Running finance	17.1	45,725	122,324
	Murabaha finance	17.2	-	400,000
	Murabaha finance	17.2	-	674,279
			45,725	1,196,603

17.1 This represents utilized portion of short term running finance facilities available from Habib Bank Limited and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited under mark-up arrangements. This facility aggregates Rs. 1,148 million (2009: Rs. 398 million) and expires on various dates latest by 30 April 2011, carries mark-up at the rate of one month KIBOR plus 150 bps (2009: one month KIBOR plus 150 bps) and 3 months KIBOR plus 75 bps (2009: Nil) respectively. These facilities are secured by pledge of shares held as investments. The market value of these investments as at 31 December 2010 was Rs. 1,658 million (2009: Rs. 595 million).

17.2 These finances have been repaid during the year.

18 Trade and other payables

Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
181	177 657	228,400
	·	37.664
L	196,379	266,064
	20,486	10,402
	20,130	17,777
	253,743	117,935
	1,215	908
18.2	25,609	11,423
18.3	95,309	112,963
	70,251	96,994
	11,595	13,763
	694,717	648,229
	18.1	Rs '000 18.1 177,657 18,722 196,379 20,486 20,130 253,743 1,215 18.2 25,609 18.3 95,309 70,251 11,595

- 18.1 This includes amount payable to M/s SNGPL against purchase of Natural Gas amounting to Rs. 177.61 million (2009: Rs. 228.111 million) and amount payable to M/s Avanceon Limited against purchase of plant spare parts amounting Rs. 044 million (2009 : Nil). The maximum aggregate amount due to related parties at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 248.037 million (2009: Rs. 240.538 million).
- **18.2** The above deposits are interest free and repayable on demand or otherwise adjustable in accordance with the Company's policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
18.3	Workers' profits participation fund			
	Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Allocation for the year Interest on funds used in the	9	112,963 94,856	91,479 112,702
	Company's business	11	453 208,272	261 204,442
	Less: Amount paid to the fund		112,963 95,309	<u>91,479</u> 112,963
19	Contingent liabilities and commitments			
19.1	Contingent liabilities			
	The Company is contingently liable for:			
	Counter guarantees given to the bank		2,171	2,171
	Indemnity bonds/guarantees given to Customs authorities equivalent to duties chargeable on import of machinery payable if matter is decided by the FBR against the Company regarding the eligibility of certain machinery and equipment for duty free import under BMR program (contingent			
	liability of capital nature)		2,960	2,960
	Indemnity bonds given to Customs authorities equivalent to duties chargeable on import of machinery which shall be released on production of installation certificate from competent authority			
	(contingent liability of capital nature)		1,651	1,651
	Pending law suits		120	120
19.2	Commitments			
	Commitments in respect of contracts for capital expenditur	е	57,500	253,604
	Commitments in respect of store purchases		54,355	158,916

For the year ended 31 December 2010

20 Property, plant and equipment

	Reconciliation of net carrying value			Reconciliation of gross carrying value					
Particulars	Net book value as at 1 Jan 2010	Additions	Disposals (at NBV)	Depreciation charge	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2010	Cost as at 31 Dec 2010	Accumulated depreciation as at 31 Dec 2010	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2010	Depreciation rate (% per annum)
		Ru	upees in thou:	sands			Rupees	in thousands	
Freehold land	250,657	_	_	_	250.657	250.657	-	250.657	_
Buildings on freehold land	33,194	-	-	3.678	29.516	114,636	85.120	29.516	5.0
Railway siding	23	-	-	-	23	2,314	2.291	23	5.0
Plant and machinery	861,367	705.028	-	135,134	1.431.261	3,472,084	2,040,823	1,431,261	7.5
Catalysts	57,206	-	-	26,254	30.952	216,213	185,261	30,952	10 - 50
Furniture, fittings and equipment	22,771	9.524	63	3,972	28,260	75.155	46,895	28,260	10 - 12.5
Data processing equipment	12,095	9.090	38	6,797	14,350	118,143	103,793	14.350	33.3
Motor vehicles	103,275	37,370	22,283	31,673	86,689	171,028	84,339	86,689	20.0
2010	1,340,588	761,012	22,384		1,871,708	4,420,230		1,871,708	
		Reconcil	iation of net	carrying value		Recon	ciliation of gros	ss carrying v	alue
Particulars	Net book value as at 1 Jan 2009	Additions	Disposals (at NBV)	Depreciation charge	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2009	Cost as at 31 Dec 2009	Accumulated depreciation as at 31 Dec 2009	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2009	Depreciation rate (% per annum)
		P	unass in the	cande			Rupees	in thousands	5
		IX IX	upees in thou	Isanus					
Freehold land	250,657	-	upees in thot	-	250.657	250.657	-	250.657	-
	250,657 37.074	-				250,657			- 5.0
Buildings on freehold land				-	250,657		81,442 2.291	250,657	
	37,074	61,153	- - - -	3,880	250,657 33,194	250,657 114,636	81,442	250,657 33,194	5.0
Buildings on freehold land Railway siding Plant and machinery Catalysts	37,074 23		- - - - -	- 3,880 -	250,657 33,194 23	250,657 114,636 2,314	81,442 2,291	250,657 33,194 23	5.0 5.0
Buildings on freehold land Railway siding Plant and machinery	37,074 23 885,695	- - 61,153		3,880 - 85,481	250,657 33,194 23 861,367	250,657 114,636 2,314 2,767,056	81,442 2,291 1,905,689	250,657 33,194 23 861,367	5.0 5.0 7.5
Buildings on freehold land Railway siding Plant and machinery Catalysts	37,074 23 885,695 87,453 9,060 5,771	- 61,153 - 15,575 11,673		3,880 85,481 30,247 1,864 5,349	250,657 33,194 23 861,367 57,206 22,771 12,095	250,657 114,636 2,314 2,767,056 216,213 65,706 109,507	81,442 2,291 1,905,689 159,007 42,935 97,412	250,657 33,194 23 861,367 57,206 22,771 12,095	5.0 5.0 7.5 10 - 50 10 - 12.5 33.3
Buildings on freehold land Railway siding Plant and machinery Catalysts Furniture, fittings and equipment	37,074 23 885,695 87,453 9,060	- - 61,153 - 15,575	- - - - - -	3,880 85,481 30,247 1,864	250,657 33,194 23 861,367 57,206 22,771	250,657 114,636 2,314 2,767,056 216,213 65,706	81,442 2,291 1,905,689 159,007 42,935	250,657 33,194 23 861,367 57,206 22,771	5.0 5.0 7.5 10 - 50 10 - 12.5

- Property, plant and equipment that are fully depreciated amounts to Rs. 1,076,187,708 (2009: Rs. 819,521,689)

20.1 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Type of property, plant and equipment	Sold to	Original cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal
			Rupees in t			
Motor Vehicles	Employees					
Prado Jeep	Mr. Shahzada Dawood	10,759	3,048	7.711	8,473	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic VTI Oriel PT	Mr. Nabiel Sawaiz	1.914	64	1,850	1,877	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic VTI Oriel PT	Mr. Farrukh S. Bashir	1.911	191	1.720	1,768	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic	Khawaja Amanullah	1.892	410	1,482	1,584	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Khawaja Ahmed Arsalan	1.383	184	1,199	1.245	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic	Mr. Akhlag Mazhar	1.790	597	1.193	1.342	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. S.M.Amin Saleem	1.393	209	1.184	1.304	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Ch. Abdul Mughani	1.383	207	1,176	1,228	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Imran Bashir	1.383	231	1,152	1,285	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr. Khalid Pervaiz Qureshi	855	199	656	705	As per Company Policy
Tovota Corolla XLI	Ch. Abdul Mughani	933	327	606	688	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic VTI Oriel PT	Mr. Abdul Ghafoor Gohar	1.501	900	601	825	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Shahid Riaz	1.000	617	383	568	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr. Ashraf Hussain	613	429	184	363	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Alto	Mr. Muhammad Arshad	510	348	162	269	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Arshad Mahmood	1.005	871	134	407	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Nabiel Sawaiz	1.005	871	134	407	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr. Iftikhar Ahmad	613	480	133	333	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr.Tayyab Ahmad	606	475	131	333	As per Company Policy
Hyundai Santro	Mr. Abdul Razzag	661	540	121	430	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla XLI	Mr. Farrukh S. Bashir	906	785	121	317	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Abdul Sattar	1,005	904	101	455	As per Company Policy
Aggregate of other items of pro	operty, plant and equipment					
with individual book values not	exceeding Rupees 50,000	15,648	15,398	250	8,570	As per Company Policy
		50,669	28,285	22,384	34,776	

For the year ended 31 December 2010

366,514	734,409
- 19,289,962 19,289,962	_ 19,289,962 19,289,962
	19,289,962

22.1 Investment in subsidiary company

DH Fertilizers Limited - unquoted

6 (2009: Nil) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each Percentage of equity held 100% (2009: Nil)

DH Fertilizers Limited has been incorporated on 2 August, 2010 as a Public Unlisted Company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 for the transfer and vesting of fertilizer business, as referred in note 1. As at 31 December, 2010, the issued share capital comprise 6 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, held by six directors of the Company as nominees thereof.

22.2	Investment in associate Engro Corporation Limited	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	113,620,371 (2009: 81,157,408) ordinary			Restated
	shares of Rs.10 each		19,289,962	17,666,814
	Add: Cost of Nil (2009: 32,462,963) right shares			
	acquired during the year		-	1,623,148
	124,982,408 (2009 : 113,620,371) ordinary			
	shares of Rs.10 each	22.2.2	19,289,962	19,289,962
	Percentage of equity held - 38.13% (2009: 38.13%)			

- **22.2.1** Market value of investments in associate Rs. 24,223 million (2009: Rs. 20,823 million).
- **22.2.2** During the year the Company has received 11,362,037 (2009: Nil) bonus shares from Engro Corporation Limited

23 Long term loans and advances - unsecured considered good

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Executives	23.1 & 23.3	931	1,852
Other employees	23.2	749	571
		1,680	2,423

23.1 Loans to executives are provided interest free as temporary financial assistance and are repayable in 18 equal monthly installments.

23.2 Loans to other employees are interest free and repayable within two years. These include loans to workers under agreement with the Workers Union.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
23.3	Reconciliation of carrying amounts of loans to executives		
	Balance as at 01 January Disbursement during the year Promotion of non-executive employees as executives Loan recovered during the year Balance as at 31 December Less: Current portion shown under current assets	9,875 6,163 2,476 (10,865) 7,649 6,718	5,943 11,549 864 (8,481) 9,875 8,023
		931	1,852

23.4 None of the loans are outstanding for periods exceeding three years.

23.5 The maximum amount due from executives at any month end during the year was Rs. 10.109 million (2009: Rs. 9.875 million)

24 Stores, spares and loose tools

24	Stores, spares and loose tools	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Stores Spares	417,934 823,971	433,462 793.661
	Loose tools Stores and spares in transit	14,714 52,590	13,061 298,781
	Less: Provision for obsolete items	1,309,209 235,665	1,538,965 235,665
		1,073,544	1,303,300

Stores and spares include items which may result in fixed capital expenditure but are not distinguishable.

25 Stock in trade

Raw and packing materials Material in process	10,078 7.657	14,700 10,367
Finished goods - own manufactured	198,382	58,218
	216,117	83,285

26 Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables

These receivables are all unsecured and considered good: Advances to suppliers for goods and services Advances and loans:	26,220	40,118
Executives Employees Prepayments Deposits Due from subsidiary Company - DH Fertilizers Limited Insurance claim receivable Others	6,718 9,510 3,143 2,109 6,121 16,347 19,141	8,023 20,677 2,956 2,109 - - 18,839
	89,309	92,722

For the year ended 31 December 2010

26.1 Chief Executive and Directors have not taken any loan/advance from the Company (2009: Nil).

27 Short term investments

511011	t term investments	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	able for sale cial assets at fair value through	27.1	1,879,401	2,505,426
	or loss	27.2	560,530	893,888
			2,439,931	3,399,314

27.1 Available for sale Related parties - Quoted

Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited

100,442,350 (2009: 100,442,350) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each - at cost	6,282,067	6,282,067
Cost of 30,460,195 (2009: Nil) shares disposed off during the year	(1,905,103)	-
Cost of 69,982,155 shares of Rs. 10 each - at cost	4,376,964	6,282,067
Percentage of equity held: 12.75% (2009: 18.29%) Less: Cumulative Impairment loss	2,641,407	3,791,096
Fair value adjustment	1,735,557 135,765 1,871,322	2,490,971 - 2,490,971

Others - Quoted

Southern Electric Power Company Limited

68,431	118,431
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(50,000)
68,431	68,431
60,352	57,961
8,079	10,470 <u>3,985</u>
- ,	14,455 2.505,426
	68,431

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
27.2	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
	ABL Income Fund			
	2,917,015.8612 (2009: 29,611,770.2888) units of Rs. 10 each		27,870	288,458
	Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		1,328 29,198	7,935 296,393
	Meezan Cash Fund-Growth Units			
	4,199,685.3632 (2009: 5,655,874.2274) units of Rs. 50 each		208,979	293,808
	Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		1,174 210,153	3,013 296,821
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund-Class C			
	800,447.0736 (2009: 2,929,825.0073) units of Rs. 100 each		80,000	296,800
	Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		202 80,202	3,874 300,674
	ABL Cash Fund			
	24,075,792.1313 (2009: Nil) units of Rs. 10 each		240,000	
	Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		977	
			240,977 560,530	- 893,888
28	Cash and bank balances			
	With banks: On current accounts On saving accounts		3,605	163,371
	-local -foreign		1,245,327 686	113,808 686
		28.1	1,246,013	114,494
	Cash in hand		645	280
			1,250,263	278,145

28.1 These carry mark up at the rate ranging from 5% to 10.5% per annum (2009: 5% to 11%).

For the year ended 31 December 2010

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000 Restated
29	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit / (loss) before taxation Adjustment for non cash expenses and other items:		2,968,903	(927,987)
	Depreciation Finance cost Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment Profit on sale of short term investments available for sale Unrealized gain on investment at fair value through profit or loss Impairment loss on available for sale investments Dividend income Provision for staff retirement and other service benefits Profit on time deposits		207,508 909,596 (12,392) (183,462) (3,681) 2,391 (867,134) 31,901 (63,218) 21,509	149,784 984,747 (3,170) (27,467) (14,822) 3,791,096 (616,796) 20,638 (63,670) 4,220,340
	Cash flow from operations before working capital change	es	2,990,412	3,292,353
	Working capital changes Decrease/(Increase) in current assets:			
	Stocks, stores and spares Trade debtors Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables Increase in current liabilities:		96,924 7,897 3,413	(271,250) (1,207) (20,472)
	Trade and other payables		44,135 152,369	108,428 (184,501)
	Cash generated from operations		3,142,781	3,107,852

30 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

		2010			2009	
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
	Ruj	pees in thous	ands	Ru	pees in thousa	ands
Managerial remuneration	8.470	31.955	173,283	7,190	39,604	132,227
Retirement benefits including ex-gratia	30,585	24,617	19,731	1,170	3,281	25,780
Rent and utilities	3,760	18,525	56,677	3,762	14,438	46,741
Leave fare assistance	-	298	-	-	596	-
Medical	24	1,417	6,646	-	2,216	7,007
	42,839	76,812	256,337	12,122	60,135	211,755
Number of employees						
(Including those who worked part of the year)	2	6	98	1	6	89

Chief Executive, 6 directors (2009: 6) and some of the executives of the Company (2009: 89) are provided with cars owned and maintained by the Company.

During the year Mr. Shahzada Dawood resigned as chief executive of the Company w.e.f 30 June 2010 and Mr. Isar Ahmad joined as Chief Executive w.e.f 1 July 2010.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Meeting fees amounting to Rs. 2,602,000 (2009: 22,000) were paid to 5 directors (2009: 10 directors including Chief Executive).

31	Earnings/(Loss) per share		2010	2009 Restated
	Basic and diluted			
	Profit/(loss) after taxation	Rs '000	2,148,530	(1,781,287)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	No. of shares	120,321,779	120,321,779
	Earnings/(loss) per share - basic	Rupees	17.86	(14.80)

There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

32 Financial Instruments

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

32.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted and arises principally from trade receivables and investment in debt securities. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 3,723.59 million (2009: Rs. 3,734.82 million), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 3,723.59 million (2009: Rs.3,734.82 million).

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade receivables, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors, furthermore, the company deals its customers receipt against sale on advance basis. The management has set a maximum credit period of one month in respect of its fertilizer sales to reduce the credit risk.

All investing transactions are settled / paid for upon delivery as per the advice of investment committee. The Company's policy is to enter into financial instrument contract by following internal guidelines such as approving counterparties and approving credits.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly effected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure before any credit enhancements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Available for sale financial assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Loans, advances and deposits and other receivables Trade debts Bank balances	1,879,401 560,530 31,914 2,131 1,249,618	2,505,426 893,888 47,612 10,028 277,865
	3,723,594	3,734,819

The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

Available for sale investment comprise of ordinary shares of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited and Southern Electric Power Company Limited listed on Stock Exchanges. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise of investments in Open End Mutual Funds .

The trade debts as at the balance sheet date are classified as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Domestic	2,131	10,028

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements for trade receivables at the reporting date by type of customer was:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Trade receivables	2,131	10,028
The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date is:		
Past due 1-30 days	215	9,350
Past due 30-150 days	17	37
Past due 150 days	1,899	641
	2,131	10,028

Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables past due as some receivables have been recovered subsequent to the year end and for other receivables there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in short course of time.

32.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. For this purpose the Company has sufficient running finance facilities available from various commercial banks to meet its liquidity requirements. Further liquidity position of the Company is closely monitored through budgets, cash flow projections and comparison with actual results by the Board.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The following are the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Six months or less	Six to tweleve months	One to two years	Two to five years
			Rupees	n thousands		
2010						
Financial Liabilities						
Short term financing - secured	45.725	47.257	47.257	-	-	-
Long term finances	5,702,500	6,808,779	162,270	1.070.831	5,575,678	-
Trade and other payables	481,847	481,847	481,847	-	-	-
Accrued markup	232,983	232,983	232,983	-	-	-
	6,463,055	7,570,866	924,357	1,070,831	5,575,678	-
2009						
Financial Liabilities						
Short term financing - secured	1,196,603	1,226,100	1,226,100	-	-	-
Long term finances	6,302,500	8,255,609	182,015	1,033,363	804.053	6,236,178
Trade and other payables	415,539	415,539	415,539	-	-	-
Accrued markup	280,268	280,268	280,268	-	-	-
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,194,910	10,177,516	2,103,922	1,033,363	804,053	6,236,178

32.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

32.3.1 Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on import of raw materials and stores and spares mainly denominated in US dollars and on foreign currency bank accounts. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk for US Dollars is as follows:

2010	2009
Rs '000	Rs '000
686	686
(54,355)	(158,916)
(54,555)	(158,230)
	Rs '000 686 (54,355)

The following significant exchange rate has been applied:

Average rate Reporting date rate

	Avera	ge rate	Reporting	date rate
	2010 Rupees	2009 Rupees	2010 Rupees	2009 Rupees
USD to PKR	85.35	81.90	85.90	84.30

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been higher by the amount shown below.

Effect on profit or loss	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
USD	5,367	15,823
Effect on balance sheet		

USD

The weakening of the PKR against US Dollar would have had an equal but opposite impact on the post tax loss / profits.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit/(loss) for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

32.3.2 Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	Effectiv	e rate	Carrying a	mount
	2010 %	2009 %	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Financial assets				
Financial liabilities Variable rate instruments				
Long term loan	13.64 to 14.10	13.64 to 15.19	5,702,500	6,302,500
Short term running finance	12.79 to 14.84	13.07 to 14.67	45,725	1,196,603

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased / (increased) profit / (loss) for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2009.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Profit and loss 100 bps	
	Increase Rs '000	Decrease Rs '000
As at 31 Dec 2010		
Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	(57,482)	57,482
As at 31 Dec 2009		
Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	(70,329)	70,329

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit/ (loss) for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

32.3.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). Other price risk arises from the Company's investment in ordinary shares of listed companies. To manage its price risk arising from aforesaid investments, the Company actively monitors the key factors that affect stock price movement.

A 10% increase/decrease in share prices at year end would have decreased/increased the surplus on re-measurement of investments in 'available for sale' investments as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Effect on equity	187,132	1,446
Effect on profit and loss account	808	249,097

32.4 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of other financial assets and financial liabilities reported in balance sheet approximate their fair values.

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument

- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant un-observable inputs.

Investment in ordinary shares of listed companies is valued using quoted prices in active market, hence, fair value of such investments fall within Level 1 in fair value hierarchy as mentioned above.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

32.5 Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio - calculated as a ratio of total debt to equity.

The debt-to-equity ratios as at 31 Dec 2010 and at 31 Dec 2009 were as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Total debt	5,748,225	7,499,103
Less: Cash and Cash equivalents	(1,250,263)	(278,145)
Net Debt	4,497,962	7,220,958
Total equity	19,544,328	17,854,689
Debt-to-equity ratio	23%	40%

The decrease in the debt-to-equity ratio in 2010 resulted primarily due to repayment of long term borrowings and less reliance on short term borrowings

Neither there were any changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year nor the Company is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

33. Operating Segments

The financial information has been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

33.1 Sales from fertilizer products represent 100% (2009: 100%) of total revenue of the Company.

33.2 All sales are made by the Company in Pakistan.

34. Related party transactions

The related parties comprise subsidiary and associated companies, related group companies, directors of the Company, companies where directors also hold directorship, and key management employees. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Amounts due from and to related parties are shown under receivables and payables. Details of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in these accounts are as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Subsidiary Company Expenses incurred on behalf of subsidiary	6,121	-
Associated company Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and services Right issue Dividend Income Insurance claim receivable Reimbursement of expenses from related party Reimbursement of expenses to related party	14,400 2,348,821 - 867,134 16,347 4,757 4,582	5,745 2,575,550 1,623,148 616,796 - 2,770 1,404
Other related parties		
Gratuity funds Provident funds	18,930 28,892	13,969 25,726

No buying or selling commission has been paid to any related party.

35. Production capacity

As against the annual production capacity of 445,500 tons (2009: 445,500 tons) of urea fertilizer the plant produced 456,120 tons (2009: 513,315 tons) which was 102.38 % (2009: 115.22%) of designed capacity.

36 Post balance sheet events

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 17 February 2011 has proposed a final cash dividend @ Rs.1 per share amounting to Rs.120,321,780 and 300% stock dividend for the year ended 31 December 2010 for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 6 April 2011. These financial statements do not reflect this proposed dividend.

37. General

- **37.1** These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 17 February 2011.
- **37.2** Corresponding figures have been re-classified and re-arranged, where necessary for better presentation as per reporting framework.
- **37.3** All financial information is presented in Pak Rupee and has been rounded to the nearest thousand

Hussain Dawood Chairman

Isar Ahr Chief Executive

Annual Report 2010

Consolidated Financial Statements





KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants 53 L Gulberg III Lahore Pakistan Telephone Fax Internet

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Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary company DH Fertilizers Limited (herein after referred as "the Group") comprising consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2010 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity, together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also audited the separate financial statements of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited and its subsidiary company DH Fertilizers Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards requires that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material mistatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements present fairly the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2010 and the consolidated results of its operations, its consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity for the year then ended in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Lahore Date: 17 February 2011 KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants (Bilal Ali)

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Continuing operation			
Sales-net	5	8,715,711	11,040,361
Cost of sales	6	(5,214,376)	(7,080,457)
Gross profit		3,501,335	3,959,904
Distribution expenses	7	(267,724)	(392,030)
Administrative expenses	8	(431,999)	(328,272)
Impairment loss		(2,391)	(3,791,096)
Other operating expenses	9	(115,866)	(159,508)
Other operating income	10	461,853	150,966
Results from operating activities		3,145,208	(560,036)
Finance cost	11	(909,596)	(984,747)
Profit/(loss) before share of associate and tax		2,235,612	(1,544,783)
Share of profit from associate, net of income tax	22	1,955,580	1,331,306
Profit/(loss) before tax		4,191,192	(213,477)
Income tax expenses	12	(943,209)	(924,800)
Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operation		3,247,983	(1,138,277)
Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company		3,247,983	(1,138,277)
Earnings/(loss) per share - basic and diluted	31	26.99	(9.46)

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Profit/(loss) for the year	3,247,983	(1,138,277)
Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value of investments	131,780	339,463
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	3,379,763	(798,814)

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized capital			
1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		10,000,000	10,000,000
locued subscribed and paid up capital	13	1,203,217	1,093,834
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital Revenue reserves	12		
Fair value reserve		21,332,823 135,765	18,784,894 3,985
Fail Value l'esel ve		22,671,805	19,882,713
Non-current liabilities		22,071,000	13,002,713
Long term loans	14	5,042,000	6,302,500
Deferred taxation	15	616,600	394,500
Staff retirement and other service benefits	16	51,590	44,595
		5,710,190	6,741,595
Current liabilities			
Current portion - long term loan	14	660,500	_
Short term financing - secured	17	45,725	1,196,603
Trade and other payables	18	694,717	648,229
Accrued markup		232,983	280,268
Provision for taxation		686,000	858,000
		2,319,925	2,983,100
Contingencies and commitments	19		
		30,701,920	29,607,408

Consolidated Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	20	1,871,708	1,340,588
Capital work in progress	21	366,514	734,409
		2,238,222	2,074,997
Investments in associates	22	22,771,696	21,543,286
Long term loans and advances	23	1,680	2,423
Current assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools	24	1,073,544	1,303,300
Stock in trade	25	216,117	83,285
Trade debts		2,131	10,028
Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	26	83,188	92,722
Advance income tax		625,148	819,908
Short term investments	27	2,439,931	3,399,314
Cash and bank balances	28	1,250,263	278,145
		5,690,322	5,986,702
		30,701,920	29,607,408





Consolidated Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Cash generated from operations	29	3,142,781	3,107,852
Finance cost paid	20	(956,881)	(980,327)
Taxes paid		(698,348)	(849,759)
Staff retirement and other service benefits paid		(24,906)	(16,205)
Decrease / (Increase) in long term loans and advances		743	(1,164)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,463,389	1,260,397
Cash flow from investing activities			·
Fixed capital expenditure		(393,117)	(833,174)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		34,776	7,897
Proceeds from disposal of available for sale investments		1,835,913	1,145,649
Profit on time deposits		63,218	63,670
Investment at fair value through profit or loss		(560,000)	(1,929,785)
Investment in associated company		-	(1,623,148)
Dividends received		867,135	616,796
Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities		1,847,925	(2,552,095)
Cash flow from financing activities		[]	[]
Short term financing		(1,150,878)	1,126,464
Long term loans		(600,000)	-
Dividends paid		(588,318)	(490,559)
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(2,339,196)	635,905
Net Increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		972,118	(655,793)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year		278,145	933,938
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	28	1,250,263	278,145

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Share	Revenue reserves		Fair value		
	capital	General reserve	Unappropriate profit	ed Total	reserve	Total
		Rs '000				
Balance as at 01 January 2009	1,093,834	700,000	19,715,396	20,415,396	(4,126,574)	17,382,656
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	(1,138,277)	(1,138,277)	339,463	(798,814)
Impairment on available for sale investment transferred to profit and loss account						
as permitted under SRO 150(1)/2009	-	-	-	-	3,791,096	3,791,096
	1,093,834	700,000	18,577,119	19,277,119	3,985	20,374,938
Final cash dividend @15% for the year ended						
31 December 2008 1st interim cash dividend @ 15% for the year	-	-	(164,075)	(164,075)	-	(164,075)
ended 31 December 2009	-	-	(164,075)	(164,075)	-	(164,075)
2nd interim cash dividend @ 15% for the year						
ended 31 December 2009	-	-	(164,075)	(164,075)	-	(164,075)
	-	-	(492,225)	(492,225)	-	(492,225)
Balance as at 31 December 2009	1,093,834	700,000	18,084,894	18,784,894	3,985	19,882,713
Balance as at 01 January 2010	1,093,834	700,000	18,084,894	18,784,894	3,985	19,882,713
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	3,247,983	3,247,983	131,780	3,379,763
	1,093,834	700,000	21,332,877	22,032,877	135,765	23,262,476
Final cash dividend @ 10% for the year ended 31 December 2009	_	_	(109,383)	(109,383)	-	(109,383)
Final stock dividend @ 10% for the year ended 31 December 2009	109,383	-	(109,383)	(109,383)	-	-
Ist interim cash dividend @ 20% for the year ended 31 December 2010	_	_	(240,644)	(240,644)	_	(240,644)
2nd interim cash dividend @ 20% for the year						
ended 31 December 2010	-	-	(240,644)	(240,644)	-	(240,644)
	109,383	-	(700,054)	(700,054)	-	(590,671)
Balance as at 31 December 2010	1,203,217	700,000	20,632,823	21,332,823	135,765	22,671,805

Hussain Dawood Chairman



For the year ended 31 December 2010

1 Legal status and nature of business

- **1.1** The Dawood Group consists of Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited ("the Holding Company") and its wholly owned subsidiary company DH Fertilizers Limited ("the Subsidiary Company").
- **1.2** Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited ("the Holding Company") is a public limited company. It was incorporated in Pakistan in 1968 under the Companies, Act 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984) and is listed on Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges. The principal activity of the Company is production, purchase and sale of fertilizer. The registered office of the Company is situated at 35-A, Shahrah-e-Abdul Hameed Bin Baadees, Lahore. DHCL and DH Fertilizers Limited are collectively referred to as ("the Group") in these financial statements.
- **1.3** DH Fertilizers Limited is a public unlisted company incorporated on 2nd August 2010 in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, for the transfer and vesting of fertilizer business, as referred to in note 1.4. As at 31 December 2010, the issued share capital comprised of six ordinary shares of Rs.10 each, held by six directors of the Holding Company as nominees thereof.
- 1.4 The Board of Directors in their meeting of 16th June 2010 decided to divide the Holding Company into two companies by separating its fertilizer undertaking from the rest of the undertaking that is to be retained in the Holding Company. In this regard, a wholly owned subsidiary namely DH Fertilizers Limited was incorporated on 2nd August 2010. The division was to be effected through a Scheme of Arrangement under Section 284 to 288 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 whereby:
 - (a) the fertilizer undertaking would be transferred and vested in DH Fertilizers Limited against the issuance of ordinary shares of DH Fertilizers Limited to the Holding Company;
 - (b) the retention of the retained undertaking in the Holding Company and the change of the name of the Holding Company to Dawood Hercules Corporation Limited would then become a Holding Company and oversee the business of new fertilizer subsidiary.

The de-merger required the approval of the Honorable Lahore High Court. After obtaining the requisite approvals from the creditors and the shareholders of the Holding Company, the Lahore High Court approved the Scheme of Arrangement (Scheme) on 27th January 2011, which came into effect on 1st January 2011 (Effective Date). Meanwhile, written order from the court is awaited.

In accordance with the Scheme, the fertilizer business including all assets, liabilities, agreements, arrangements and other matters relating to the fertilizer undertaking were automatically transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited on the Effective Date against the issuance of 99,999,994 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each, in addition to existing 6, fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each plus the share premium. Such share premium is to be based on the difference between the net assets value of the fertilizer undertaking less the related fair value reserves/ surplus of the fertilizer undertaking on the effective date over Rs. 1,000,000,000/- being the paid-up face value of DH Fertilizers Limited.

The retained undertaking comprises of specific assets and liabilities as of the aforementioned effective dates as identified in the Scheme, which among other items include long term investments, short term investments in mutual funds and all reserves excluding fair value reserves on certain investments transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Consequent to restructuring of its businesses by Dawood Hercules Chemicals Limited, effective 1st January 2011, the entire trading operations of fertilizers business of DHCL i.e. production, purchase, import and sale of fertilizers from DHCL will be transferred to DH Fertilizers Limited.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 New Accounting Standards and IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards are effective from the dates specified below and are either not relevant to the Group's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the consolidated financial statements other than certain increased disclosures:

- Amendment to IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation Classification of Rights Issues (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 February 2010). The IASB amended IAS 32 to allow rights, options or warrants to acquire a fixed number of the entity's own equity instruments for a fixed amount of any currency to be classified as equity instruments provided the entity offers the rights, options or warrants pro rata to all of its existing owners of the same class of its own non-derivative equity instruments. This interpretation has no impact on these consolidated financial statements.
- IFRIC 19 Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 July 2010). This interpretation provides guidance on the accounting for debt for equity swaps. This interpretation has no impact on these consolidated financial statements.
- IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures (revised 2009) effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2011. The revision amends the definition of a related party and modifies certain related party disclosure requirements for government-related entities. The amendment would result in certain changes in disclosures.
- Amendments to IFRIC 14 IAS 19 The Limit on a Defined Benefit Assets, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2011). These amendments remove unintended consequences arising from the treatment of prepayments where there is a minimum funding requirement. These amendments result in prepayments of contributions in certain circumstances being recognized as an asset rather than an expense. This amendment is not likely to have any impact on these consolidated financial statements.
- Improvements to IFRSs 2010 In May 2010, the IASB issued improvements to IFRSs 2010, which comprise of 11 amendments to 7 standards. Effective dates, early application and transitional requirements are addressed on a standard by standard basis. The majority of amendments are

For the year ended 31 December 2010

effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January, 2011. The amendments include list of events or transactions that require disclosure in the interim financial statements and fair value of award credits under the customer loyalty programmes to take into account the amount of discounts or incentives that otherwise would be offered to customers that have not earned the award credits. Certain of these amendments will result in increased disclosures in these consolidated financial statements

- Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred tax on Investment Property (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 January 2012). The 2010 amendment provides an exception to the measurement principle in respect of investment property measured using the fair value model in accordance with IAS 40 Investment Property. The amendment has no impact on these consolidated financial statements.
- Amendments to IFRS 7 Disclosures Transfers of Financial Assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 01 July 2011). The amendments introduce new disclosure requirements about transfers of financial assets including disclosures for financial assets that are not derecognized in their entirety; and financial assets that are derecognized in their entirety but for which the entity retains continuing involvement. These amendments will result in increased disclosures in these consolidated financial statements.

3 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost convention. except for revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and recognition of certain employee retirement benefits at present value.

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to consolidated financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are:

	Note
 retirement and other benefits residual value and useful life of depreciable assets provision for taxation provisions and contingencies 	4.3 4.4 4.7 4.14

For the year ended 31 December 2010

4 Significant accounting policies

4.1 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of DHCL and its wholly owned subsidiary company DH Fertilizers Limited (DHFL), referred to as ("the Group").

Subsidiaries are those enterprises in which parent company directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than 50% of the voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than 50% of its directors. The financial statements of the subsidiary are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date control commences until the date that control ceases.

The assets and liabilities of subsidiary company have been consolidated on a line by line basis and the carrying value of investment held by the parent company is eliminated against parent company's share in paid up capital of the subsidiary.

Material intra-group balances and transactions have been eliminated.

4.2 Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods sold, net of discounts and sales tax. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue, and the associated cost incurred, or to be incurred, can be measured reliably.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the significant risk and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer.

Return on deposits is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable rate of return.

Dividend income is recognized as income when the right of receipt is established.

4.3 Retirement and other benefits

Defined benefit plan- Gratuity

The Holding company operates an approved funded defined benefit gratuity plan for management staff having a service period of more than five years. Provisions are made in the Holding company financial statements to cover obligations on the basis of actuarial valuations carried out annually. The most recent valuation was carried out on 31 December 2010 using the "Projected Unit Credit Method".

The amount recognized in balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as on 31 December 2010 as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses.

Cumulative net unrecognized actuarial gains and losses at the end of the previous year which exceed 10% of the greater of the present value of the Group obligations and the fair value of plan assets are amortized over the expected average working lives of the participating employees.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Accumulated compensated absences

Provisions are made annually to cover the obligation for accumulating compensated absences based on actuarial valuation and are charged to profit and loss. The most recent valuation was carried out on 31 December 2010 using the "Projected Unit Credit Method".

The amount recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligations. Actuarial gains and losses are charged to income immediately in the period when these occur.

Other benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Holding Company maintains a defined contributory Gratuity Fund for its non-management staff. Monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Holding company as per agreement with the Union.

Provident fund

The Holding Company also operates approved contributory provident funds for all employees. Equal contribution is made both by employees and the Holding company. The funds are administrated by the Trustees.

4.4 Fixed capital expenditure

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment except freehold land are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. Freehold land is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

The Group provides depreciation under the "straight line method" so as to write off the historical cost of the asset over its estimated useful life at the following rates:

	Percentage %
	_
Buildings on freehold land	5
Railway siding	5
Plant and machinery	7.5
Furniture	10
Fittings and equipment	12.5
Motor vehicles	20
Data processing equipment	33.33
Catalysts	10 to 50

Depreciation is provided at the above rates subject to 1% retention of the original cost except for Catalysts, which are fully depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Assets residual values' and useful lives' are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Depreciation is charged on prorata basis on additions from the following month in which the asset is put to use and on disposals up to the month of disposal.

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in income currently. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

The initial catalysts cost in Ammonia plant was capitalized with plant and machinery whereas costs of subsequent replacement of such catalysts are separately included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over their estimated useful life.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during the construction and installation. Cost also includes applicable borrowing costs. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

4.5 Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw material	at moving average cost
Materials in process	at average cost
Finished goods	at average cost
Stores, spares and loose tools	at moving average cost. Items which are identified as slow moving and are surplus to the Holding Company's requirements are written down to their estimated net realizable value.
Stores and spares in transit	at cost, comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Cost of work in process and finished goods comprises of cost of direct materials, labour and appropriate manufacturing overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and selling expenses.

4.6 Foreign currencies

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined. Exchange gains and losses are included in the income currently.

4.7 Taxation

Income tax expense comprise current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except in the case of items credited or charged to equity in which case it is included in equity.

4.8 Investments

Investment in associate

Associates are those entities in which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Group.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include the group's share of the income and expenses of the associate accounted for under equity method, after adjustments, if required, to align the accounting policies of associate with those of the Group from the date when significant influence is established until the date when that significant influence ceases. When the Group's share of losses exceed its interest in associate accounted for under equity method, the carrying amount of that interest is reduced to zero and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the investee.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions, if any, with the associate accounted for under equity method are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Available for sale investments

Investments which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity are classified as available for sale. Available for sale investments are recognized initially at cost being the fair value of the consideration given plus any directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, these are stated at fair values unless fair values can not be measured reliably, with any resulting gains and losses being taken directly to equity until the investment is disposed or impaired. At each reporting date, these investments are remeasured at fair value, unless fair value cannot be reliably measured. At the time of disposal, the respective surplus or deficit is transferred to income currently. Fair value of quoted investments is their bid price on Karachi Stock Exchange at the balance sheet date. Unquoted investments, where active market does not exist, are carried at cost as it is not possible to apply any other valuation methodology.

Investments intended to be held for less than twelve months from the balance sheet date or to be sold to raise operating capital, are included in current assets, all other investments are classified as noncurrent. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of the purchase and re-evaluates such designation on a regular basis.

All purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date which is the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the investment.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Investments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profits from short term fluctuations in price or dealer margin are classified as "Investments at fair value through profit or loss" are initially recognized on trade date at cost being the fair value of the consideration given and derecognized by the Group on the date it commits to sell them off. Transaction costs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. At each balance sheet date, fair value is determined on the basis of year-end bid prices obtained from stock exchange quotations. Any resultant increase/(decrease) in fair value is recognized in the profit and loss account for the year.

4.9 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item. The Group derecognizes the financial asset and financial liability when it ceases to be a party to such contractual provisions of the instrument.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

4.10 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Group's has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.11 Trade debts

Trade debts are recognized initially at original invoice amount which is the fair value of consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at amortized cost less an estimate made for doubtful debts based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. A provision for impairment of trade debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Bad debts are written off when identified.

4.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and cash with banks in current and saving accounts.

4.13 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services and subsequently at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

4.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

4.15 Borrowing costs

Mark-up, interest and other charges on borrowings are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of the related property, plant and equipment acquired out of the proceeds of such borrowings. All other mark-up, interest and other charges are charged to income in the period in which they are incurred.

4.16 Impairment

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date, whether there is any indication that asset may be impaired. If such an indication exists, the carrying amount of such assets is reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed their respective recoverable amounts, assets are written down to their recoverable amount and resulting impairment loss is recognized in income currently. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

4.17 Related party transactions

The Group enters into transactions with related parties on an arm's length basis. Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using admissible valuation methods, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to approval of the Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Group to do so.

4.18 Dividend

Dividend distribution to the Group's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved.

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
5	Sales - net			
	Own manufactured Less: Sales tax		7,357,562 25,294	7,369,483 21,120
	Purchased product		7,332,268 1,383,443	7,348,363 3,691,998
			8,715,711	11,040,361
6	Cost of sales			
6	Raw and packing materials consumed Fuel and power	6.1	1,581,249 939,352 109,294	1,721,209 1,043,771 50,456
	Catalysts and chemicals Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare Stores and spares consumed	6.2	560,483 470,136	507,908 341,251
	Repairs and maintenance Travel and conveyance Rent, rates and taxes		167,286 63,594 1,873	101,020 56,768 2,216
	Insurance Depreciation Communication, stationery, and office supplies	20	25,215 182,535 2,836	22,610 131,273 3,537
	Communication, stationery and office supplies Health and safety consultancy charges Other expenses		2,830 25,664 4,486	2,021 8,517
			4,134,003	3,992,557
	Add: Opening stock of work-in-process Less: Closing stock of work-in-process	25	10,367 7,657	8,033 10,367
	Cost of goods manufactured		2,710 4,136,713	(2,334) 3,990,223
			т,130,713	J,JJU,ZZJ
	Add: Opening stock of finished goods Less: Closing stock of finished goods	25	58,218 198,382 (140,164)	50,093 58,218 (8,125)
	Cost of sales - Own manufactured Purchased product		3,996,549 1,217,827	3,982,098 3,098,359
			5,214,376	7,080,457

6.1	Raw and packing materials consumed	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Opening stock Add: Purchases		14,700 1,576,627	31,442 1,704,467
	Less: Closing stock	25	1,591,327 10,078	1,735,909 14,700
			1,581,249	1,721,209

Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare include Rs. 12.231 million (2009: Rs. 9.650 million) in respect 6.2 of contribution to gratuity funds and Rs. 19.165 million (2009: Rs. 17.367 million) in respect of provident funds.

7	Distribution expenses	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Product transportation and handling cost Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare Communication, stationery and office supplies Rent, rates and taxes Travel and conveyance Insurance Depreciation Repairs and maintenance Sales promotion, advertising and market development Other expenses	7.1 20	132,320 67,114 2,257 4,617 1,795 406 4,035 1,605 53,542 33	328,664 43,844 1,796 3,441 2,837 467 2,779 1,282 6,887 33
			267,724	392,030

Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare include Rs. 0.437 million (2009: Nil) in respect of gratuity 7.1 funds and Rs. 0.412 million (2009: Rs. 0.710 million) in respect of provident funds.

8	Administrative expenses	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare Communication, stationery and office supplies Rent, rates and taxes Travel and conveyance Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Legal and professional charges Insurance Donations Other expenses	8.1 20 8.2	253,297 45,459 30,190 22,996 23,920 20,938 20,207 1,708 1,574 11,710	178,015 37,794 24,870 22,491 24,913 15,732 11,529 1,567 868 10,493
			431,999	328,272

8.1 Salaries, wages, benefits and staff welfare include Rs. 6.258 million (2009: Rs. 4.318 million) in respect of contribution to staff gratuity funds and Rs. 9.315 million (2009: Rs. 7.649 million) in respect of provident funds.

8.2 None of the Directors of the Holding Company or any of their spouses have any interest in or are otherwise associated with any of the recipients of donations made by the Holding Company during the year.

9	Other operating expenses	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Workers' profits participation fund Workers' welfare fund Auditors' remuneration:	18.3 9.1	94,856 20,000	112,702 46,000
	Audit fee		750	600
	Half year review and other certifications		175	150
	Out of pocket expenses		85	56
			115,866	159,508

The provision for workers' profits participation fund is based on profits caused by business and trade, and excludes other income in accordance with the law, as advised by the legal advisors of the Holding Company.

		2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
9.1	Expense for the period Reversal of prior year excess provision	60,000 (40,000)	46,000
		20,000	46.000

10

)	Other operating income		
	Income from financial assets: Realized gain on disposal of short term investments available for sale	179,413	4,194
	Realized gain on disposal of investments		
	at fair value through profit or loss Unrealized gain due to fair value adjustment of	4,049	23,273
	investment at fair value through profit or loss	3,681	14,822
	Profit on bank deposits and others	63,218	63,670
	Income from related parties: Dividend income from:	250,361	105,959
	Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	139,964	-
	Income from non-financial assets:		
	Sale of scrap	12,376	8,976
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	12,392	3,170
	Liabilities no longer payable written back	7,657	1,472
	Insurance claim - related party	16,347	-
	Other income	22,756	31,389
		71,528	45,007
		461,853	150,966

11	Finance cost	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Mark-up: Short term borrowings Long term loans Interest on workers' profits participation fund	18.3	68,803 840,340 453 909,596	100,314 884,172 <u>261</u> 984,747
12	Income tax expenses			
	Current - for the year - prior year Deferred		686,000 35,109 222,100 943,209	858,000 - 66,800 924,800
12.1	Reconciliation of tax charge for the year		2010 %	2009 %
	Applicable tax rate Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of amounts exempt from tax Tax effect of amount taxed at lower rate Tax effect of associate	S	35.00 1.55 (1.56) (0.83) (11.66) 22.49	35.00 - - - - -

In view of accounting loss in 2009, tax reconciliation has not been presented for the previous year.

Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 13

2010 Number of shares	2009 Number of shares		2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
13,900,000	13,900,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		
106,421,779	95,483,436	fully paid in cash Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	139,000	139,000
, ,		issued as bonus shares	1,064,217	954,834
120,321,779	109,383,436		1,203,217	1,093,834

13.1 Reconciliation of Issued, subscribed and paid up capital

	2010 Number of shares	2009 Number of shares
Outstanding as at 01 January Bonus shares issued during the year	109,383,436 10,938,343	109,383,436
Closing as at 31 December	120,321,779	109,383,436

				2010 Number of Shares	2009 Number of Shares
13.2	Shares held by related parties				
	Dawood Lawrencepur Limited			19,482,974	17,711,795
	Percentage of equity held 16.19% (200 Dawood Corporation (Private) Limited	1		25,461	23,147
	Percentage of equity held 0.02% (2009 The Dawood Foundation			4,752,997	4,320,907
	Percentage of equity held 3.95% (2009 Central Insurance Company Limited			3,574,940	3,249,946
	Percentage of equity held 2.97% (2009 Patek (Private) Limited			38,821	35,292
	Percentage of equity held 0.032% (200 Sach International (Private) Limited Percentage of equity held 0.001% (200			1,749	1,590
14	Long term loans - participatory redee	mable capital	- secured	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Opening balance Redemption during the year under call Closing balance	option	14.1	6,302,500 (600,000) 5,702,500	6,302,500 - 6,302,500
	Transfer to current portion			(660,500)	
	Closing balance			5,042,000	6,302,500
14.1	Participatory	20	010	20)09
		Number of Sukuk Certificates '000	Face value of consolidated Sukuk Certificates Rs '000	Number of Sukuk Certificates '000	Face value of consolidated Sukuk Certificates Rs '000
	Banks/Financial Institutions Habib Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited United Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund Total	54 18 18 11 13 - 114	2,714,286 904,762 904,762 542,857 633,333 2,500 5,702,500	60 20 20 12 14 - 126	3,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 600,000 700,000 2,500 6,302,500
			-, 2,0 - 0	. 20	0,002,000

For the year ended 31 December 2010

Participatory redeemable capital represents Islamic Sukuk Certificates issued to banks/financial institutions under musharaka arrangements. The facility is secured by a first charge created by way of hypothecation over the specific fixed assets of the Holding Company up to the extent of Rs. 7.72 billion, comprising various machinery of urea and ammonia plant. The facility carries mark-up at average six months ask side KIBOR plus 120 bps payable half yearly subject to a minimum of 3.5% per annum and a maximum of 25% per annum.

Trustee

In order to protect the interest of the Certificate Holders, an investment agent (Meezan Bank Limited) has been appointed as trustee under a trust deed dated 12 September 2007 at a fee of Rs. 500,000 each year till the expiry of the agreement. In case the Holding Company defaults on any of its obligations, the trustee may enforce the Holding Company's obligations in accordance with the terms of the trust deed.

Term of payment

The principal amount is repayable according to the following schedule:

Payment	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
First tranche due on 18 September 2011 Second tranche due on 18 March 2012 Third tranche due on 18 September 2012	661,000 2,521,000 2,521,000	1,103,000 2,600,000 2,600,000
	5,703,000	6,303,000

In case of default in payment, the Holding Company will be liable to pay markup at the rate of six month KIBOR plus 200 bps per annum of the unpaid amount.

Face value of each Sukuk certificate is Rs. 50.000 which consist of 13 Sukuk units.

Call option

Under the Musharaka arrangement, the Holding Company carries a right to exercise "Call Option" to purchase all or any of the Sukuk units from certificate holders at their applicable Buy Out Prices (Pre Purchase) at any time after the expiry of one year from the issue date. The "Call Option" can be exercised by the Holding Company after giving a prior written notice of at least thirty days of its intention to purchase all or any of the remaining Sukuk Units having aggregate face value of multiple of Rs. 100 million.

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
15	Deferred taxation			
	Deferred liability arising due to accelerated depreciation allowance Deferred liability arising due to unrealized		286,520	184,700
	profits from associate Deferred (asset) arising in respect of provision		348,136	225,300
	for compensated absences		(18,056) 616,600	(15,500) 394,500
16	Staff retirement and other service benefits			
	Defined benefit plan funded for management staff Compensated absences	16.1 16.3	- 51,590 51,590	198 44,397 44,595
16.1	Defined benefit plan funded - for management staff			
	Amounts recognized in the balance sheet are as follows:			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets Unrecognized actuarial losses Liability as at 31 December	16.1.1 16.1.2	143,455 (107,904) (35,551) -	148,767 (106,171) (42,398) 198
	Net liability as at 01 January Charge to profit and loss account Contribution made by the Company Liability as at 31 December	16.1.3	198 16,502 (16,700)	587 11,637 (12,026) 198
16.1.	1 Movement in liability for defined benefit obligation			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 01 January Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid during the year Actuarial loss on present value of defined		148,767 16,323 17,852 (40,280)	112,044 12,808 16,807 (9,469)
	benefit obligation Present value of defined benefit obligation		793	16,577
	as at 31 December		143,455	148,767

	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
16.1.2 Movement in fair value of plan assets			
Fair value of plan assets as at 01 January Expected return on plan assets Funds receivable from Workers Gratuity Fund Contributions made during the year Benefits paid during the year Actuarial / (loss) gain on plan assets Fair value of plan assets as at 31 December		106,171 12,740 7,990 16,700 (40,280) 4,583 107,904	92,608 13,891 4,936 12,026 (9,469) (7,821) 106,171
Plan assets consist of the following:			
Funds placed under mark up arrangements with banks Investment company Open ended mutual funds Funds receivable from Workers Gratuity Fund		88,334 11,580 - 7,990 107,904	81,235 10,000 10,000 <u>4,936</u> 106,171
16.1.3 Charge to profit and loss account			
Current service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Contributions receivable from workers gratuity fund Actuarial loss recognized during the year		16,323 17,852 (12,741) (7,990) 3,058 16,502	12,808 16,807 (13,891) (4,936) 849 11,637

16.1.4 Actual return on plan assets of funded gratuity scheme was Rs. 17.323 million (2009: Rs. 6.070 million).

16.1.5 Historical information

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Present value of defined		Rup	ees in thous	ands	
benefit obligation	143,455	148,767	112,044	101,938	86,625
Fair value of plan assets	(107,904)	(106,171)	(92,608)	(72,006)	(76,476)
Deficit in the plan	35,551	42,596	19,436	29,932	10,149
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities	793	16,577	2,113	11,129	3,139
Experience adjustment arising on plan assets	4,583	(7,821)	10,857	(8,848)	(2,147)

16.1.6 The Company expects to pay Rs. 20.907 million as contribution to defined benefit plan in 2011.

16.1.7 Assumptions used for valuation of the defined benefit schemes for management staff are as under:

	2010 % per annum	2009 % per annum
Discount rate Expected rate of return on plan assets	13 12	12 15
Expected rate of increase in salary	12	11

Average expected remaining working life time of management employees is 9 years.

16.2 Defined Contributory gratuity funded for non-management staff

	for non-management staff	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Balance as at 01 January Expenses recognized during the year Payments made during the year Balance as at 31 December		2,428 (2,428)	485 2,332 (2,817)
16.3	Compensated absences			
10.5	compensated absences			
	Balance as at 01 January Expenses recognized during the year Payments made during the year	16.3.3	44,397 12,972 (5,779)	39,091 6,669 (1,363)
	Balance as at 31 December	16.3.1	51,590	44,397
10.0.	 Movement in liability for defined benefit obligation Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 01 January Current service cost Interest cost Benefits paid during the year Actuarial loss on present value of defined 		44,397 4,921 5,328 (5,779)	39,091 2,138 5,864 (1,363)
	benefit obligation		2,723	(1,333)
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at 31 December		51,590	44,397
16.3.2	2 Balance Sheet liability as on 31 December			
	Present value of defined benefit obligations as on 31 December		51,590	44,397

119

For the year ended 31 December 2010

			2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
16.3.3 Charge to	profit and loss account			
Current sei Interest co Actuarial Ic			4,921 5,328 2,723 12,972	2,138 5,864 (1,333) 6,669
16.3.4 Assumptio	ns used for valuation are as under:		2010 % per annum	2009 % per annum
Discount ra Expected r	ate ate of eligible salary increase in future years		13 12	12 11
		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
17 Short term	i financing - secured			
Running fir Murabaha Murabaha	finance	17.1 17.2 17.2	45,725 - -	122,324 400,000 674,279
			45,725	1,196,603

17.1 This represents utilized portion of short term running finance facilities available from Habib Bank Limited and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited under mark-up arrangements. This facility aggregates Rs. 1,148 million (2009: Rs. 398 million) and expires on various dates latest by 30 April 2011, carries mark-up at the rate of one month KIBOR plus 150 bps (2009: one month KIBOR plus 150 bps) and 3 months KIBOR plus 75 bps (2009: Nil) respectively. These facilities are secured by pledge of shares held as investments. The market value of these investments as at 31 December 2010 was Rs. 1,658 million).

Note

2010

2009

17.2 These finances have been repaid during the year.

		Note	Rs '000	Rs '000
18	Trade and other payables			
	Trade creditors Related parties Others	18.1	177,657 18,722	228,400 37,664 266,064
	Advances from customers Unclaimed dividends Accrued expenses Sales tax payable Deposits Workers' profits participation fund Workers' welfare fund	18.2 18.3	196,379 20,486 20,130 253,743 1,215 25,609 95,309 70,251	10,402 17,777 117,935 908 11,423 112,963 96,994
	Others		11,595 694,717	13,763 648,229

- This includes amount payable to M/s SNGPL against purchase of Natural Gas amounting to Rs. 177.61 18.1 million (2009: Rs. 228.111 million) and amount payable to M/s Avanceon Limited against purchase of plant spare parts amounting Rs. 044 million (2009 : Nil). The maximum aggregate amount due to related parties at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 248.037 million (2009: Rs. 240.538 million).
- The above deposits are interest free and repayable on demand or otherwise adjustable in accordance 18.2 with the Group's policy. Noto 2010 2000

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
18.3	Workers' profits participation fund			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		112,963	91,479
	Add: Allocation for the year Interest on funds used in the Holding Company's business	9 11	94,856 453 208,272	112,702 261 204,442
	Less: Amount paid to the fund		112,963 95,309	91,479 112,963
19	Contingent liabilities and commitments			
19.1	Contingent liabilities			
	The Holding Company is contingently liable for: Counter guarantees given to the bank		2,171	2,171
	Indemnity bonds/guarantees given to Customs authorities equivalent to duties chargeable on import of machinery payable if matter is decided by the FBR against the Holding Company regarding the eligibility of certain machinery and equipment for duty free import under BMR program (contingent liability of capital nature)			
	Indemnity bonds given to Customs authorities equivalent to duties chargeable on import of machinery which shall be released on production of installation certificate from competent authority (contingent liability of capital nature)		2,960	2,960
			1,651	1,651
	Pending law suits		120	120
19.2	Commitments			
	Commitments in respect of contracts for capital expenditure	2	57,500	253,604
	Commitments in respect of store purchases		54,355	158,916

20 Property, plant and equipment

		Reconcilia	ation of net ca	arrying value		Reconc	iliation of gros	s carrying va	lue
Particulars	Net book value as at 1 Jan 2010	Additions	Disposals (at NBV)	Depreciation charge	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2010	Cost as at 31 Dec 2010	Accumulated depreciation as at 31 Dec 2010	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2010	Depreciatior rate (% per annum)
		Ru	upees in thous	sands			Rupees	in thousands	
Freehold land	250,657	_	-	-	250.657	250.657	_	250.657	-
Buildings on freehold land	33,194	-	-	3,678	29,516	114.636	85,120	29,516	5.0
Railway siding	23	-	-	-	23	2.314	2.291	23	5.0
Plant and machinery	861,367	705.028	-	135,134	1.431.261	3.472.084	2.040.823	1.431.261	7.5
Catalysts	57,206	_	-	26,254	30,952	216.213	185,261	30,952	10 - 50
Furniture, fittings and equipment	22,771	9.524	63	3,972	28,260	75.155	46,895	28,260	10 - 12.5
Data processing equipment	12,095	9,090	38	6,797	14.350	118,143	103,793	14,350	33.3
Motor vehicles	103,275	37,370	22.283	31,673	86,689	171.028	84,339	86,689	20.0
2010	1,340,588	761,012	22,384	207,508	1,871,708	4,420,230	2,548,522	1,871,708	
		Reconcil	iation of net of	carrying value		Recon	ciliation of gro	ss carrying v	alue
Particulars	Net book value as at 1 Jan 2009	Additions	Disposals (at NBV)	Depreciation charge	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2009	Cost as at 31 Dec 2009	Accumulated depreciation as at 31 Dec 2009	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2009	Depreciation rate (% per annum)
		R	upees in thou	Isands			Rupees	in thousand	5
Freehold land	250,657	-	-	-	250.657	250.657	-	250.657	-
Buildings on freehold land	37,074	-	-	3,880	33,194	114,636	81,442	33,194	5.0
Railway siding	23	-	-	-	23	2,314	2,291	23	5.0
Plant and machinery	885.695	61,153	-	85,481	861.367	2.767.056	1,905,689	861.367	7.5
Catalysts	87,453	-	-	30,247	57,206	216,213	159,007	57,206	10 - 50
Furniture, fittings and equipment	9,060	15,575	-	1,864	22,771	65,706	42,935	22,771	10 - 12.5
	5.771	11,673	-	5,349	12,095	109,507	97,412	12,095	33.3
Data processing equipment	5,771				100 075	183,798	80,523	103.275	20.0
Data processing equipment Motor vehicle	53,048	77,918	4,728	22,963	103,275	103,790	00,525	100,270	
		77,918 166,319	4,728 4,728	149,784	1,340,588	3,709,887	2,369,299	1,340,588	
Motor vehicle 2009	53,048 1,328,781	166,319	4,728						
Motor vehicle	53,048 1,328,781	166,319	4,728	149,784	1,340,588				
Motor vehicle 2009	53,048 1,328,781	166,319	4,728	149,784 2010	1,340,588 2009				
Motor vehicle 2009 -The depreciation charge for the year	53,048 1,328,781	166,319	4,728	149,784 2010 Rs '000	1,340,588 2009 Rs '000				
Motor vehicle 2009 -The depreciation charge for the year Cost of sales - (Note 6)	53,048 1,328,781	166,319	4,728	2010 Rs '000 182,535	1,340,588 2009 Rs '000 131,273				
Motor vehicle 2009 -The depreciation charge for the year	53,048 1,328,781	166,319	4,728	149,784 2010 Rs '000	1,340,588 2009 Rs '000				

- Property, plant and equipment that are fully depreciated amounts to Rs. 1,076,187,708 (2009: Rs. 819,521,689)

20.1 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Type of property, plant and equipment	Sold to	Original cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal
			Rupees in t			
Motor Vehicles	Employees					
Prado Jeep	Mr. Shahzada Dawood	10,759	3,048	7,711	8,473	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic VTI Oriel PT	Mr. Nabiel Sawaiz	1.914	64	1.850	1,877	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic VTI Oriel PT	Mr. Farrukh S. Bashir	1.911	191	1,720	1,768	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic	Khawaja Amanullah	1,892	410	1,482	1,584	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Khawaja Ahmed Arsalan	1,383	184	1,199	1,245	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic	Mr. Akhlag Mazhar	1.790	597	1.193	1,342	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. S.M.Amin Saleem	1.393	209	1.184	1,304	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Ch. Abdul Mughani	1,383	207	1,176	1.228	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Imran Bashir	1,383	231	1.152	1,285	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr. Khalid Pervaiz Qureshi	855	199	656	705	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla XLI	Ch. Abdul Mughani	933	327	606	688	As per Company Policy
Honda Civic VTI Oriel PT	Mr. Abdul Ghafoor Gohar	1.501	900	601	825	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Shahid Riaz	1.000	617	383	568	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr. Ashraf Hussain	613	429	184	363	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Alto	Mr. Muhammad Arshad	510	348	162	269	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Arshad Mahmood	1.005	871	134	407	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Nabiel Sawaiz	1.005	871	134	407	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr. Iftikhar Ahmad	613	480	133	333	As per Company Policy
Suzuki Cultus	Mr.Tayyab Ahmad	606	475	131	333	As per Company Policy
Hyundai Santro	Mr. Abdul Razzag	661	540	121	430	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla XLI	Mr. Farrukh S. Bashir	906	785	121	317	As per Company Policy
Toyota Corolla GLI	Mr. Abdul Sattar	1,005	904	101	455	As per Company Policy
Aggregate of other items of pro	operty, plant and equipment					
with individual book values not		15,648	15,398	250	8,570	As per Company Policy
		50,669	28,285	22,384	34,776	

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
21	Capital work in progress			
	Plant and machinery		366,514	734,409
22	Investments in associates		22,771,696	21,543,286
	Engro Corporation Limited (formerly Engro Chemicals Pakistan Limited)			
	113,620,371 (2009: 81,157,408) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Add: Cost of Nil (2009: 32,462,963) right shares acquired during the year Share of post acquisition profits		21,543,286 - 1,955,580 23,498,866	19,205,628 1,623,148 1,331,306 22,160,082
	Less: Dividend received during the year		(727,170)	(616,796)
	124,982,408 (2009: 113,620,371) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	22.2	22,771,696	21,543,286

Percentage of equity held - 38.13% (2009: 38.13%)

- 22.1 Market value of investments in associate Rs. 24,223 million (2009: Rs. 20,823 million).
- 22.2 During the year the Holding Company has received 11,362,037 (2009: Nil) bonus shares from Engro Corporation Limited
- 22.3 The financial year end of Engro Corporation Limited (ECL) is 31 December, however, due to nonavailability of the financial statements of ECL at the time of preparation of these financial statements, the financial results as of 30 September have been used for the purpose of application of equity method

22.4 Summarized financial information of ECL is as follows:

23

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Total liabilitie	as at 30 September as at 30 September months period from		158,605,768 126,345,289	124,193,084 95,635,234
01 October t	to 30 September) axation (12 months period from		71,160,915	53,410,778
	to 30 September)		5,128,045	3,491,037
B Long term lo considered	bans and advances - unsecured good			
Executives		23.1 & 23.3		1,852
Other employ	yees	23.2	749 1,680	<u> </u>

For the year ended 31 December 2010

- **23.1** Loans to executives are provided interest free as temporary financial assistance and are repayable in 18 equal monthly installments.
- **23.2** Loans to other employees are interest free and repayable within two years. These include loans to workers under agreement with the Workers Union.

23.3 Reconciliation of carrying amounts of loans to executives

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Balance as at 01 January	9,875	5,943
Disbursement during the year	6,163	11,549
Promotion of non-executive employees as executives	2,476	864
Loan recovered during the year	(10,865)	(8,481)
Balance as at 31 December	7,649	9,875
Less: Current portion shown under current assets	6,718	8,023
	931	1,852

23.4 None of the loans are outstanding for periods exceeding three years.

23.5 The maximum amount due from executives at any month end during the year was Rs. 10.109 million (2009: Rs. 9.875 million)

24 Stores, spares and loose tools

Stores	417,934	433,462
Spares	823,971	793,661
Loose tools	14,714	13,061
Stores and spares in transit	52,590	298,781
Less: Provision for obsolete items	1,309,209 235,665 1,073,544	1,538,965 235,665 1,303,300

Stores and spares include items which may result in fixed capital expenditure but are not distinguishable.

25 Stock in trade

Raw and packing materials Material in process	10,078 7,657	14,700 10,367
Finished goods - own manufactured	198,382	58,218
	216,117	83,285

26 Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables

These receivables are all unsecured and considered good: Advances to suppliers for goods and services Advances and loans:	26,220	40,118
Executives	6,718	8.023
Employees	9,510	20,677
Prepayments	3,143	2.956
Deposits	2,109	2,109
Insurance claim receivable	16,347	
Others	19,141	18,839
	83,188	92,722

26.1 Chief Executive and directors have not taken any loan/advance from the Holding Company (2009: Nil).

27	Short term investments	Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
	Available for sale Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	27.1 27.2	1,879,401 560,530	2,505,426 893,888
			2,439,931	3,399,314

27.1 Available for sale Related parties - Quoted

Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited

100,442,350 (2009: 100,442,350) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each - at cost	6,282,067	6,282,067
Cost of 30,460,195 (2009: Nil) shares disposed off during the year	(1,905,103)	-
Cost of 69,982,155 shares of Rs. 10 each - at cost Percentage of equity held: 12.75% (2009: 18.29%)	4,376,964	6,282,067
Less: Cumulative Impairment loss	2,641,407	3,791,096
Fair value adjustment	1,735,557 135,765	2,490,971
	1,871,322	2,490,971

Others - Quoted

Southern Electric Power Company Limited

3,622,900 (2009: 6,270,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each - at cost Cost of Nil (2009: 2,647,100) shares disposed	68,431	118,431
off during the year Cost of 3,622,900 shares of Rs. 10 each Percentage of equity held: 2.65% (2009: 2.65%)	68,431	(50,000) 68,431
Less: Cumulative Impairment loss	60,352	57,961
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8,079	10,470
Fair value adjustment	-	3,985
	8,079	14,455
	1,879,401	2,505,426

		Note	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
27.2	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
	ABL Income Fund			
	2,917,015.8612 (2009: 29,611,770.2888) units of Rs. 10 each Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		27,870 1,328 29,198	288,458 7,935 296,393
	Meezan Cash Fund-Growth Units			
	4,199,685.3632 (2009: 5,655,874.2274) units of Rs. 50 each Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		208,979 1,174 210,153	293,808 3,013 296,821
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund-Class C			
	800,447.0736 (2009: 2,929,825.0073) units of Rs.100 eac Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value	h	80,000 202 80,202	296,800 3,874 300,674
	ABL Cash Fund			
	24,075,792.1313 (2009: Nil) units of Rs. 10 each Adjustment arising from measurement to fair value		240,000 977	-
			240,977 560,530	- 893,888
28	Cash and bank balances			
	With banks: On current accounts On saving accounts		3,605	163,371
	-local -foreign		1,245,327 686	113,808 686
	Cash in hand	28.1	1,246,013 645	114,494 280
			1,250,263	278,145

These carry mark up at the rate ranging from 5% to 10.5% per annum (2009: 5% to 11%). 28.1

	Ν	lote	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
29	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit / (loss) before taxation Adjustment for non cash expenses and other items:		4,191,192	(213,477)
	Depreciation Finance cost		207,508 909,596	149,784 984,747
	Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment Profit on sale of short term investments available for sale Unrealized gain on investment at fair value		(12,392) (183,462)	(3,170) (27,467)
	through profit or loss Impairment loss on available for sale investments Share of profit from associate		(3,681) 2,391 (1,955,580)	(14,822) 3,791,096 (1,331,306)
	Dividend income Provision for staff retirement and other service benefits Profit on time deposits		(139,964) 31,901 (63,218)	- 20,638 (63,670)
			(1,206,901)	3,505,830
	Cash flow from operations before working capital changes		2,984,291	3,292,353
	Working capital changes: Decrease/(Increase) in current assets:			
	Stocks, stores and spares Trade debtors		96,924 7,897	(271,250) (1,207)
	Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables		9,534	(20,472)
	Increase in current liabilities:		44105	100,400
	Trade and other payables		44,135	108,428
	Cash generated from operations		<u> </u>	(184,501) 3,107,852
30	Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives	;	3,172,701	3,107,032

	2010			2009		
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
	Ruj	pees in thous	ands	Ru	pees in thousa	nds
Managerial remuneration Retirement benefits including ex-gratia	8,470 30,585	31,955 24,617	173,283 19.731	7,190 1,170	39,604 3,281	132,227 25.780
Rent and utilities	3,760	18,525	56,677	3,762	14,438	46,741
Leave fare assistance Medical	- 24	298 1,417	6,646	-	596 2.216	- 7.007
	42,839	76,812	256,337	12,122	60,135	211,755
Number of employees						
(Including those who worked part of the y	vear) 2	6	98	1	6	89

Chief Executive, 6 directors (2009: 6) and some of the executives of the Group (2009: 89) are provided with cars owned and maintained by the Group.

During the year, Mr. Shahzada Dawood resigned as Chief Executive of the Holding Company w.e.f 30 June 2010 and Mr. Isar Ahmad joined as Chief Executive w.e.f. 1 July 2010.

Meeting fees amounting to Rs. 2,602,000 (2009: 22,000) were paid to 5 directors (2009: 10 directors including Chief Executive).

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010	2009
Earnings/(Loss) per share			

Basic and diluted

31

Profit/(loss) after taxation	Rs '000	3,247,983	(1,138,277)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	No. of shares	120,321,779	120,321,779
Earnings/(loss) per share- basic	Rupees	26.99	(9.46)

There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group.

32 Financial Instruments

The Group has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

32.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted and arises principally from trade receivables and investment in debt securities. Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 3,717.47 million (2009: Rs. 3,743.82 million), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 3,717.47 million (2009: Rs.3,734.82 million).

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade receivables, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors. Furthermore, the Holding company deals its customers receipt against sale on advance basis. The management has set a maximum credit period of one month in respect of its fertilizer sales to reduce the credit risk.

All investing transactions are settled / paid for upon delivery as per the advice of investment committee. The Group's policy is to enter into financial instrument contract by following internal guidelines such as approving counterparties and approving credits.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly effected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure before any credit enhancements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Available for sale financial assets	1,879,401	2,505,426
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	560,530	893,888
Loans, advances, deposits and other receivables	25,793	47,612
Trade debts	2,131	10,028
Bank balances	1,249,618	277,865
	3,717,473	3,734,819

The Group believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

Available for sale investment comprise of ordinary shares of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited and Southern Electric Power Company Limited listed on Stock Exchanges. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss comprise of investments in Open End Mutual Funds .

The trade debts as at the balance sheet date are classified as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Domestic	2,131	10,028

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements for trade receivables at the reporting date by type of customer was:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Trade receivables	2,131	10,028
The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date is:		
Past due 1-30 days	215	9,350
Past due 30-150 days	17	37
Past due 150 days	1,899	641
-	2,131	10,028

Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables past due as some receivables have been recovered subsequent to the year end and for other receivables there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in short course of time.

32.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. For this purpose the Group has sufficient running finance facilities available from various commercial banks to meet its liquidity requirements. Further liquidity position of the Group is closely monitored through budgets, cash flow projections and comparison with actual results by the Board.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The following are the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash flows	Six months S or less	Six to tweleve months	One to two years	Two to five years
			Rupees ir	n thousands		
2010						
Financial Liabilities						
Short term financing - secured	45,725	47,257	47,257	-	-	-
Long term finances	5,702,500	6,808,779	162,270	1,070,831	5,575,678	-
Trade and other payables	481,847	481,847	481,847	-	-	-
Accrued markup	232,983	232,983	232,983	-	-	-
	6,463,055	7,570,866	924,357	1,070,831	5,575,678	-
2009						
Financial Liabilities						
Short term financing - secured	1,196,603	1,226,100	1,226,100	-	-	-
Long term finances	6,302,500	8,255,609	182,015	1,033,363	804,053	6,236,178
Trade and other payables	415,539	415,539	415,539	-	-	-
Accrued markup	280,268	280,268	280,268	-	-	-
· · ·	8,194,910	10,177,516	2,103,922	1,033,363	804,053	6,236,178

32.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

32.3.1 Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk on import of raw materials and stores and spares mainly denominated in US dollars and on foreign currency bank accounts. The Goup's exposure to foreign currency risk for US Dollars is as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Foreign currency bank account	686 (F 4 2 F F)	686
Outstanding letters of credit	(54,355)	(158,916)
Net exposure	(53,669)	(158,230)

The following significant exchange rate has been applied:

Average rate Reporting date rate

	Avera	ge rate	Reporting	date rate
	2010 Rupees	2009 Rupees	2010 Rupees	2009 Rupees
USD to PKR	85.35	81.90	85.90	84.30

Sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been higher by the amount shown below:

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Effect on profit and loss USD	5,367	15,823
Effect on balance sheet USD	-	-

The weakening of the PKR against US Dollar would have had an equal but opposite impact on the post tax loss / profits.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit/(loss) for the year and assets / liabilities of the Group.

32.3.2 Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

Effective	Carrying amoun	t
2010	2010	2009
%	Rs '000 R	s '000

Financial assets

Financial liabilities

Variable rate instruments				
Long term loan	13.64 to 14.10	13.64 to 15.19	5,702,500	6,302,500
Short term running finance	12.79 to 14.84	13.07 to 14.67	45,725	1,196,603

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased / (increased) profit/(loss) for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2009.

	Profit and loss 100 bps	
	Increase Rs '000	Decrease Rs '000
As at 31 Dec 2010 Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	(57,482)	57,482
As at 31 Dec 2009 Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	(70,329)	70,329

For the year ended 31 December 2010

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit/ (loss) for the year and assets / liabilities of the Group.

32.3.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). Other price risk arises from the Group's investment in ordinary shares of listed companies. To manage its price risk arising from aforesaid investments, the Group actively monitors the key factors that affect stock price movement.

A 10% increase/decrease in share prices at year end would have decreased/increased the surplus on re-measurement of investments in "available for sale" investments as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Effect on equity	187,132	1,446
Effect on profit and loss account	808	249,097

32.4 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of other financial assets and financial liabilities reported in balance sheet approximate their fair values.

The Group measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument
- Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant un-observable inputs.

Investment in ordinary shares of listed companies is valued using quoted prices in active market, hence, fair value of such investments fall within Level 1 in fair value hierarchy as mentioned above.

32.5 Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Group defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio - calculated as a ratio of total debt to equity.

The debt-to-equity ratios as at 31 Dec 2010 and at 31 Dec 2009 were as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2010

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Total debt Less: Cash and Cash equivalents Net Debt Total equity	5,748,225 (1,250,263) 4,497,962 22,671,805	7,499,103 (278,145) 7,220,958 19,882,713
Debt-to-equity ratio	20%	36%

The decrease in the debt-to-equity ratio in 2010 resulted primarily due to repayment of long term borrowings and less reliance on short term borrowings

Neither there were any changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year nor the Group is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

33. Operating Segments

The financial information has been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

- **33.1** Sales from fertilizer products represent 100% (2009: 100%) of total revenue of the Holding Company.
- **33.2** All sales are made by the Holding Company in Pakistan.

34. Related party transactions

The related parties comprise associated companies, related group companies, directors of the Group, companies where directors also hold directorship and key management employees. The Group in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Amounts due from and to related parties are shown under receivables and payables. Details of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in these accounts, are as follows:

	2010 Rs '000	2009 Rs '000
Associated company Sale of goods and services Purchase of goods and services Right issue Dividend Income Insurance claim receivable Reimbursement of expenses from related party Reimbursement of expenses to related party	14,400 2,348,821 - 867,134 16,347 4,757 4,582	5,745 2,575,550 1,623,148 616,796 - 2,770 1,404
Other related parties Gratuity funds Provident funds	18,930 28,892	13,969 25,726

No buying or selling commission has been paid to any related party.

35. Production capacity

As against the annual production capacity of 445,500 tons (2009: 445,500 tons) of urea fertilizer, the plant produced 456,120 tons (2009: 513,315 tons) which was 102.38 % (2009: 115.22%) of designed capacity.

For the year ended 31 December 2010

36 Post balance sheet events

The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 17 February 2011 has proposed a final cash dividend @ Rs.1 per share amounting to Rs.120,321,780 and 300 % stock dividend for the year ended 31 December 2010 for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 6 April 2011. These financial statements do not reflect this proposed dividend.

37. General

- **37.1** These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Group on 17 February 2011.
- **37.2** Corresponding figures have been re-classified and re-arranged, where necessary for better presentation as per reporting framework.
- 37.3 All financial information is presented in Pak Rupee and has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

Hussain Dawood Chairman



Pattern of Shareholding As at 31 December 2010

Disclosure Requirement under the Code of Corporate Governance

Details of holding on 31.12.2010

1	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties Dawood Lawrencepur Limited Dawood Foundation Central Insurance Company Limited Patek (Pvt.) Limited Dawood Corporation (Pvt.) Limited Sach International (Pvt.) Limited	19,482,974 4,752,997 3,574,940 38,821 25,461 1,749
2	NIT & ICP	
	National Bank of Pakistan, Trustee Department National Investment Trust Limited Investment Corporation of Pakistan	530,224 3,033 232
3	Directors & CEO (including holding of their spouses & minor children)	
	Mr. Hussain Dawood - Chairman Mr. Shahzada Dawood Mr. A. Samad Dawood Mr. Isar Ahmad - CEO Syed Muhammad Asghar	9,568,379 1,277,904 1,277,904 2,500 1
4	Executives	298
5	Public Sector Companies and Corporations	-
6	Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Institutions, Insurance Companies, Modarabas & Mutual Funds	28,000,390
7	Shareholders holding ten percent or more shares Dawood Lawrencepur Limited Faisal Private Bank (Switzerland) SA	19,482,974 16,663,267

8 Details of purchase/sale of shares by Directors/Company Secretary/Chief Financial Officer and their spouses/minor children during the year.

Mr. Isar Ahmad purchased 2,500 shares on 26-11-2010 @ Rs. 174.88. Mr. Shahzada Dawood purchased 43,455 shares on 06-12-2010 @ Rs. 169.00. Mr. Abdul Samad Dawood purchased 43,029 shares on 06-12-2010 @ Rs. 169.00 Mrs. Kulsum Dawood W/o. Mr. Hussain Dawood purchased 43,454 shares on 06-12-2010 @ Rs. 169.00 and gifted 1,277,903 shares to her daughter. Mr. Aftab Ahmed Qaiser purchased 10 shares on 23-11-2010 @ Rs. 169.99.

Pattern of Shareholding As at 31 December 2010

Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shareholders	Total Shares Held	Percentage
Individuals	2,654	19,020,070	15.81
Joint Stock Companies	34	68,292,146	56.76
Financial Institutions	12	3,574,072	2.97
Insurance Companies	5	7,154,669	5.95
Investment Companies	5	16,671,520	13.85
Educational/Charitable Institutions	3	4,992,980	4.15
Modarabas	6	37,624	0.03
Mutual Funds	14	562,505	0.47
Leasing Companies	1	1,045	0.00
The Administrator, Abandoned Properties, Government of Pakistan	1	15,145	0.01
Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan	1	3	0.00
Total:	2,736	120,321,779	100.00

Pattern of Shareholding As at 31 December 2010

Shareho	Shareholding Range		Total Shares	
From	То	Shareholders	Held	
1	100	495	21,597	
101	500	1,397	508,430	
501	1,000	300	239,329	
1,001	5,000	376	857,044	
5,001	10,000	63	453,858	
10,001	15,000	24	289,420	
15,001	20,000	14	236,218	
20,001	25,000	7	161,824	
25,001	30,000	11	287,099	
30,001	35,000	4	131,513	
35,001	40,000	4	155,232	
40,001	45,000	3	130,055	
45,001	50,000	4	195,832	
50,001	55,000	2	104,839	
55,001	60,000	1	60,000	
75,001	80,000	3	239,304	
85,001	90,000	1	89,672	
100,001	105,000	1	102,839	
120,001	125,000	1	122,984	
125,001	130,000	1	128,900	
140,001	145,000	1	144,397	
200,001	205,000	2	402,988	
235,001	240,000	1	237,000	
375,001	380,000	1	376,648	
435,001	440,000	1	439,500	
530,001	535,000	1	530,224	
1,275,001	1,280,000	4	5,111,615	
1,660,001	1,665,000	1	1,661,727	
1,775,001	1,780,000	1	1,779,231	
2,950,001	2,955,000	1	2,951,197	
3,570,001	3,580,000	1	3,574,940	
4,750,001	4,755,000	1	4,752,997	
9,060,001	9,065,000	2	18,120,398	
9,565,001	9,570,000	1	9,568,379	
9,590,001	9,595,000	2	19,188,004	
10,820,001	10,825,000	1	10,820,304	
16,660,001	16,665,000	1	16,663,267	
19,480,001	19,485,000	1	19,482,974	
	Total	2,736	120,321,779	





FORM OF PROXY

I/We					
of	be	eing a member of Da ary Shares, as per:	awood Hercules Che	emicals Limit	ed and holder of
Share Re CDC Par	egister Folio No. – ticipant ID No. —	and/and/	/c No		of
Mr./Ms of the C at the Fc	ompany*) as my orty Third Annual	/our proxy to attend General Meeting of the h-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lab	member of the of , speak and vote for e Company to be held	Company* me/us and on Wedness	(or failing him , another member on my/our behalf, day, 6th April 2011
Signed th	his	day of	2011.		
WITNESS	SES:				
1.	Signature: Name: Address:			Signat	ture on
	CNIC No. or Passport No.			Revenu	e Stamps ees Five
2.	Signature: Name: Address:			with the signature	hould agree specimen e with the Ipany.
	CNIC No. or Passport No.				

* Proxy representing a corporation may or may not himself be a member of the Company.

IMPORTANT:

- 1. This Proxy Form, duly completed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, not less than forty eight hours before the meeting.
- 2. CDC shareholders and their proxies are each requested to attach an attested photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.
- **3.** All proxies attending the AGM are requested to bring their original CNIC/Passport for identification.





